OWNER'S MANUAL 2019





FS 450 Art. no. 3402252en

https://www.motorcycle-manual.com/

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DEAR HUSQVARNA MOTORCYCLES CUSTOMER

Congratulations on your decision to purchase a Husqvarna motorcycle. You are now the owner of a state-ofthe-art sports motorcycle. If you service and maintain your vehicle accordingly, it will give you enormous pleasure.

We hope you enjoy riding this motorcycle!

Enter the serial numbers of your vehicle below.

Vehicle identification number (ﷺ p. 13)	Dealer's stamp
Engine number (🕮 p. 13)	

The Owner's Manual contained the latest information for this model series at the time of going to print. However, minor differences due to further developments in design cannot be ruled out completely.

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This document is valid for the following models: FS 450 (F2303S0)



3402252en https://www.motorcycle-manual.com/

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1.1 Symbols used

The meaning of specific symbols is described below. Indicates an expected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function). Indicates an unexpected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function). All work marked with this symbol requires specialist knowledge and technical understanding. In the interest of your own safety, have this work performed by an authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop. There, your motorcycle will be optimally cared for by specially trained experts using the specialist tools required. Indicates a page reference (more information is provided on the specified page). Indicates information with more details or tips. Indicates the result of a testing step. **》** Indicates a voltage measurement. Indicates a current measurement. Indicates the end of an activity, including potential rework.

1.2 Formats used

The typographical formats used in this document are explained below.

Proprietary name	Indicates a proprietary name.
Name®	Indicates a protected name.
Brand™	Indicates a brand available on the open market.
Underlined terms	Refer to technical details of the vehicle or indicate technical terms, which are explained in the glossary.

2.1 Use definition - intended use

This vehicle has been designed and built to withstand the normal stresses and strains of racing. This vehicle complies with the currently valid regulations and categories of the top international motorsports organizations.



Only operate this vehicle in closed-off areas remote from public road traffic.

2.2 Misuse

The vehicle must only be used as intended.

Dangers can arise for people, property and the environment through use not as intended.

Any use of the vehicle beyond the intended and defined use constitutes misuse.

Misuse also includes the use of operating and auxiliary fluids which do not meet the required specification for the respective use.

2.3 Safety advice

A number of safety instructions need to be followed to operate the product described safely. Therefore read this instruction and all further instructions included carefully. The safety instructions are highlighted in the text and are referred to at the relevant passages.

Info

Various information and warning labels are attached in prominent locations on the product described. Do not remove any information or warning labels. If they are missing, you or others may not recognize dangers and may therefore be injured.

2.4 Degrees of risk and symbols

Danger

Identifies a danger that will immediately and invariably lead to fatal or serious permanent injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Warning

Identifies a danger that is likely to lead to fatal or serious injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Caution

Identifies a danger that may lead to minor injuries if the appropriate measures are not taken.

Note

Identifies a danger that will lead to considerable machine and material damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Note

Indicates a danger that will lead to environmental damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.

2.5 Tampering warning

Tampering with the noise control system is prohibited. Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof:

- 1 The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of servicing, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or
- 2 the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

- 1 Removal or puncturing of the main silencers, baffles, header pipes or any other components which conduct exhaust gases.
- 2 Removal or puncturing of parts of the intake system.
- 3 Lack of proper maintenance.
- 4 Replacing moving parts of the vehicle, or parts of the exhaust system or intake system, with parts other than those specified by the manufacturer.

2.6 Safe operation

Danger

Danger of accidents A rider who is not fit to ride poses a danger to him or herself and others.

- Do not operate the vehicle if you are not fit to ride due to alcohol, drugs or medication.
- Do not operate the vehicle if you are physically or mentally impaired.

Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

Warning

Danger of burns Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.

- Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, radiator, engine, shock absorber, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Only operate the vehicle when it is in perfect technical condition, in accordance with its intended use, and in a safe and environmentally compatible manner.

The vehicle should only be used by trained persons.

Have malfunctions that impair safety promptly eliminated by an authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop. Adhere to the information and warning labels on the vehicle.

2.7 Protective clothing

Warning

Risk of injury Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
- Always wear protective clothing that is in good condition and meets the legal regulations.

In the interest of your own safety, Husqvarna Motorcycles recommends that you only operate the vehicle while wearing protective clothing.

2.8 Work rules

Special tools are necessary for certain tasks. The tools are not a component of the vehicle, but can be ordered using the number in parentheses. Example: bearing puller (15112017000)

During assembly, use new parts to replace parts which cannot be reused (e.g. self-locking screws and nuts, seals, sealing rings, O-rings, pins, and lock washers).

In the case of certain screws, a screw adhesive (e.g. Loctite[®]) is required. Observe the manufacturer's instructions.

After disassembly, clean the parts that are to be reused and check them for damage and wear. Change damaged or worn parts.

After completing a repair or service work, check the operating safety of the vehicle.

2.9 Environment

If you use your motorcycle responsibly, you can ensure that problems and conflicts do not occur. To protect the future of the motorcycle sport, make sure that you use your motorcycle legally, display environmental consciousness, and respect the rights of others.

When disposing of used oil, other operating and auxiliary fluids, and used components, comply with the laws and regulations of the respective country.

Because motorcycles are not subject to the EU regulations governing the disposal of used vehicles, there are no legal regulations that pertain to the disposal of an end-of-life motorcycle. Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles dealer will be glad to advise you.

2.10 Owner's Manual

It is important that you read this Owner's Manual carefully and completely before making your first trip. The Owner's Manual contains useful information and many tips on how to operate, handle, and service your motorcycle. Only then will you find out how to customize the vehicle ideally for your own use and how you can protect yourself from injury.

Keep the Owner's Manual in an accessible place to enable you to refer to it as needed.

If you would like to know more about the vehicle or have questions on the material you read, please contact an authorized Husqvarna dealer.

The Owner's Manual is an important component of the vehicle and must be handed over to the new owner if the vehicle is sold.

The Owner's Manual is also available for download from your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles dealer and on the Husqvarna Motorcycles website.

International Husqvarna Motorcycles website: www.husqvarna-motorcycles.com

3.1 Manufacturer and implied warranty

The work prescribed in the service schedule must be carried out by an authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop only and confirmed both in the customer's Service & Warranty Booklet and in the **Husqvarna Motor-cycles Dealer.net**; otherwise, all manufacturer warranty claims will be void. Damage or secondary damage caused by tampering with and/or conversions on the vehicle are not covered by the manufacturer warranty. Additional information on the manufacturer or manufacturer warranty and the procedures involved can be found in the Service & Warranty Booklet.

3.2 Fuel, auxiliary substances

Note

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.

Use fuels and auxiliary substances in accordance with the Owner's Manual and specification.

3.3 Spare parts, accessories

For your own safety, only use spare parts and accessory products that are approved and/or recommended by Husqvarna Motorcycles and have them installed by an authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop. Husqvarna Motorcycles accepts no liability for other products and any resulting damage or loss. The article numbers of some spare parts and accessory products are specified in parentheses in the descriptions. Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles dealer will be glad to advise you.

The current Husqvarna Motorcycles accessories for your vehicle are available from your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles dealer and on the Husqvarna Motorcycles website. International Husqvarna Motorcycles website: www.husqvarna-motorcycles.com

3.4 Service

A prerequisite for perfect operation and prevention of premature wear is that the service, care, and tuning work on the engine and chassis is properly carried out as described in the Owner's Manual. Incorrect adjustment and tuning of the engine and chassis can lead to damage and breakage of components.

Use of the vehicle under difficult conditions, such as on sand or on wet and muddy surfaces, can lead to considerably more rapid wear of components such as the drive train, brake system, or suspension components. For this reason, it may be necessary to inspect or replace parts before the next scheduled service.

It is imperative that you adhere to the stipulated run-in times and service intervals. If you observe these exactly, you will ensure a much longer service life for your motorcycle.

3.5 Figures

The figures contained in the manual may depict special equipment.

In the interest of clarity, some components may be shown disassembled or may not be shown at all. It is not always necessary to disassemble the component to perform the activity in question. Please follow the instructions in the text.

3.6 Customer service

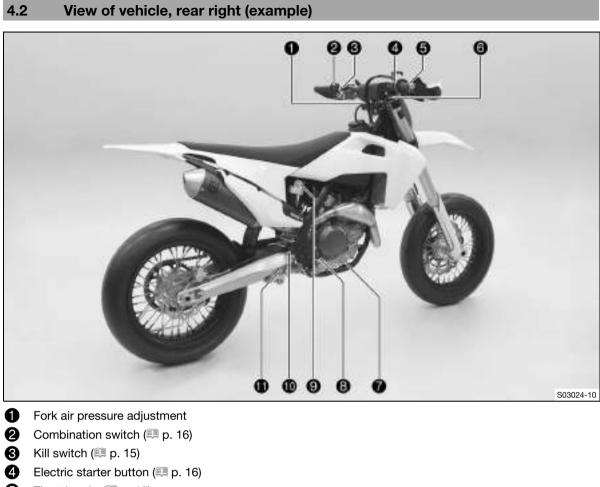
Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles dealer will be happy to answer any questions you may have regarding your vehicle and Husqvarna Motorcycles.

A list of authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles dealers can be found on the Husqvarna Motorcycles website. International Husqvarna Motorcycles website: www.husqvarna-motorcycles.com 4.1 View of vehicle, front left (example)



- Hand brake lever (# p. 15)
- 2 Clutch lever (III p. 15)
- **3** Fuel tank filler cap
- 4 Plug-in stand (III p. 19)
- **6** Air filter box cover
- 6 Engine number (🕮 p. 13)
- 7 Shift lever (III p. 19)
- 8 Cold start button (III p. 18)

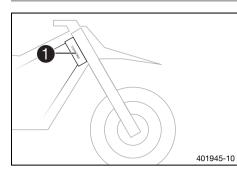
4 VIEW OF VEHICLE



- 5 Throttle grip (III p. 15)
- 6 Fork compression adjuster
- Foot brake lever (🕮 p. 19)
- 8 Level viewer, engine oil
- Shock absorber compression adjustment
- 10 Level viewer for brake fluid, rear
- **(1)** Shock absorber rebound adjustment

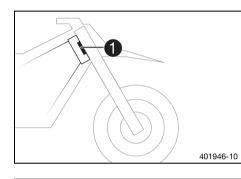
SERIAL NUMBERS 5

5.1 Vehicle identification number



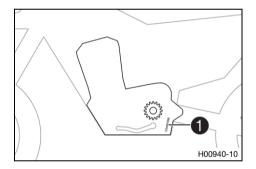
The vehicle identification number ① is stamped on the right side of the steering head.

5.2 Type label



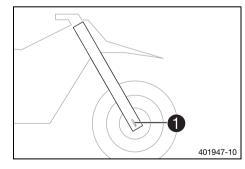
The type label 1 is fixed to the front of the steering head.

5.3 Engine number



The engine number **1** is stamped on the left side of the engine.

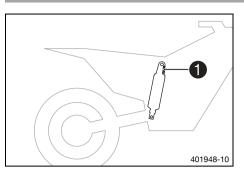
5.4 Fork part number



The fork part number **1** is stamped on the inside of the axle clamp.

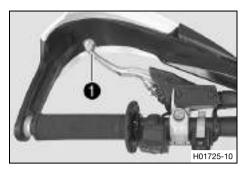
5 SERIAL NUMBERS

5.5 Shock absorber article number



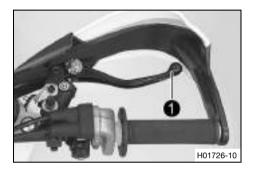
The shock absorber article number ① is stamped on the top of the shock absorber above the adjusting ring towards the engine side.

6.1 Clutch lever



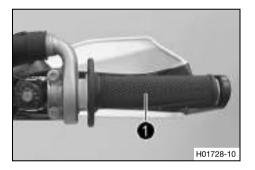
The clutch lever **1** is fitted on the left side of the handlebar. The clutch is hydraulically operated and self-adjusting.

6.2 Hand brake lever



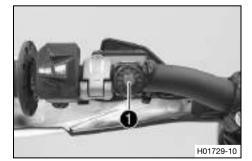
Hand brake lever **1** is fitted on the right side of the handlebar. The front brake is engaged using the hand brake lever.

6.3 Throttle grip



The throttle grip 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

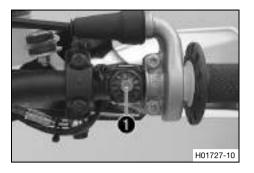
6.4 Kill switch



Kill switch **①** is fitted on the left side of the handlebar. **Possible states**

- Kill switch ⊗ in basic position In this position, the ignition circuit is closed and the engine can be started.
- Kill switch [⊗] pressed In this position, the ignition circuit is interrupted, a running engine stops, and a non-running engine will not start.

6.5 Electric starter button

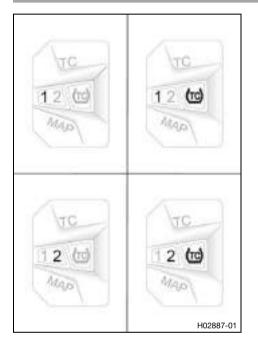


The electric starter button **1** is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

Possible states

- Electric starter button (3) in basic position
- Electric starter button (3) is pressed In this position, the starter motor is actuated.

6.6 Combination switch



The combination switch is fitted on the left side of the handlebar. **Possible states**

1	STANDARD – STANDARD mapping is activated when LED 1 lights up.
1TC	STANDARD with TC – STANDARD mapping with traction control is activated when LED 1 and TC light up.
2	ADVANCED – ADVANCED mapping is activated, when LED 2 lights up.
2 TC	ADVANCED with TC – ADVANCED mapping with traction control is activated when LED 2 and TC light up.

The engine characteristic can be changed using button $\ensuremath{\textbf{MAP}}$ on the combination switch.

The <u>launch control</u> and the traction control can also be activated using the combination switch.

6.7 Overview of indicator lamps



F	Malfunction indicator lamp lights up/flashes orange – The <u>OBD</u> has detected an error in the vehicle elec- tronics. Come safely to a halt, and contact an autho- rized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop.
FI	Malfunction indicator lamp flashes orange rapidly – Launch control is activated.

Possible states

6.8 Opening fuel tank filler cap

Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

- The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.
- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.

Warning

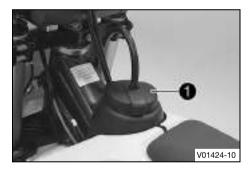
Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.

Note

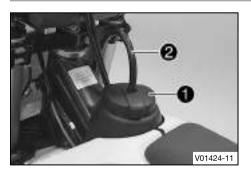
Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.

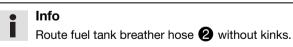


Turn fuel tank filler cap lacksquare counterclockwise and lift it off.

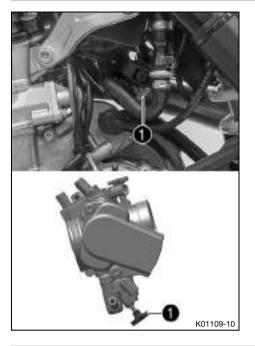
6.9 Closing the fuel tank filler cap



Mount fuel tank filler cap **1** and turn it clockwise until the fuel tank is tightly closed.



6.10 Cold start button



Cold start button **1** is fitted to the bottom of the throttle valve body.

The electronic fuel injection system extends the injection time if the engine is cold and the ambient temperature is low. To help the engine burn the increased fuel quantity, it must be supplied with additional oxygen by pushing the cold start button. After briefly opening up the throttle and then releasing the throttle grip again, or turning the throttle grip towards the front, the cold start button returns to its original position.

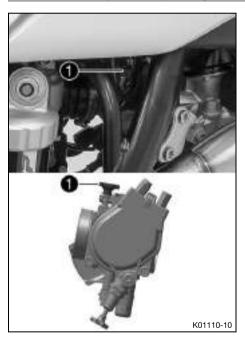


Check whether the cold start button has returned to its basic position.

Possible states

- The cold start button is activated The cold start button is pushed in all the way.
- The cold start button is deactivated The cold start button is in its basic position.

6.11 Idle speed adjusting screw



The idle setting of the throttle valve body substantially influences the vehicle's starting behavior, a stable idle speed, and the vehicle's response when the throttle is opened.

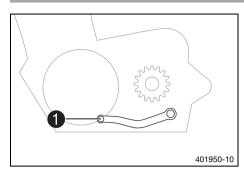
An engine with a correctly set idle speed is easier to start than an engine with the idle speed set incorrectly.

The idle speed is adjusted using the idle speed adjusting screw **1**.

Increase the idle speed by turning the idle speed adjusting screw clockwise.

Decrease the idle speed by turning the idle speed adjusting screw counterclockwise.

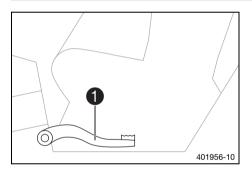
6.12 Shift lever



Shift lever **1** is mounted on the left of the engine.

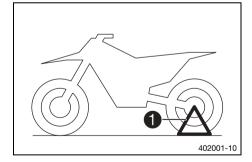
The gear positions can be seen in the figure. The neutral or idle position is between the first and second gears.

6.13 Foot brake lever



Foot brake lever **1** is located in front of the right footrest. The foot brake lever is used to activate the rear brake.

6.14 Plug-in stand



The support for plug-in stand **1** is the left side of the wheel spindle.

The plug-in stand is used to park the motorcycle.

Info

Remove the plug-in stand before riding.

6.15 Service hour counter



The service hour counter ① is fitted in front of the handlebar. It shows the total number of service hours of the engine. The service hour counter begins counting when the engine is started and stops when the engine is switched off.

• Info

The value indicated by the service hour counter cannot be cleared or adjusted.

7.1 Advice on preparing for first use

Danger

Danger of accidents A rider who is not fit to ride poses a danger to him or herself and others.

- Do not operate the vehicle if you are not fit to ride due to alcohol, drugs or medication.
 - Do not operate the vehicle if you are physically or mentally impaired.



Warning

Risk of injury Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
- Always wear protective clothing that is in good condition and meets the legal regulations.



Warning

Danger of crashing Different tire tread patterns on the front and rear wheel impair the handling characteristic.

Different tire tread patterns can make the vehicle significantly more difficult to control.

Make sure that only tires with a similar tire tread pattern are fitted to the front and rear wheel.



Warning

Danger of accidents An unadapted riding style impairs the handling characteristic.

Adapt your riding speed to the road conditions and your riding ability.



Warning

Danger of accidents The vehicle is not designed to carry passengers.

- Do not ride with a passenger.



Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating. If the foot brake lever is not released, the brake linings drag continuously.

- Take your foot off the foot brake lever when you are not braking.

Warning

Danger of accidents Total weight and axle loads influence the handling characteristic.

- Do not exceed the maximum permissible overall weight or the axle loads.



Warning

Risk of misappropriation People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.

- Do not leave the vehicle unattended if the engine is running.
- Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.

Info

When using the motorcycle, remember that others may feel disturbed by excessive noise.

- Ensure that the pre-sale inspection work has been carried out by an authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop.
 - The delivery certificate and the Service and Manufacturer Warranty booklet must be transferred with the vehicle.
- Read the entire Owner's Manual before riding for the first time.
- Get to know the controls.

7 PREPARING FOR USE

- Adjust the basic position of the clutch lever. (III p. 72)
- Adjust the basic position of the hand brake lever. (IP p. 75)
- Adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever. A (IP p. 80)
- Set the basic position of the shift lever. ◄ (○ p. 107)
- Get used to handling the motorcycle in a suitable area before undertaking a more demanding ride.



This vehicle is not approved for use on public roads.

- Also, ride as slowly as possible and in a standing position to get a better feel for the motorcycle.
- Do not make any trips that exceed your personal ability and experience.
- Hold the handlebar firmly with both hands and keep your feet on the footrests when riding.
- Do not carry luggage.

Info

Do not exceed maximum permissible weight and maximum permissible axle loads.

Guideline		
Maximum permissible overall weight	335 kg (739 lb.)	
Maximum permissible front axle load	145 kg (320 lb.)	
Maximum permissible rear axle load	190 kg (419 lb.)	

– Run in the engine. (🕮 p. 22)

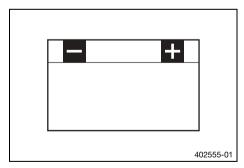
7.2 Running in the engine

During the running-in phase, do not exceed the specified engine speed and engine performance.
 Guideline

Maximum engine speed		
During the first operating hour	7,000 rpm	
Maximum engine performance		
During the first 3 operating hours	≤ 75 %	

Avoid fully opening the throttle!

7.3 Starting power of lithium-ion batteries at low temperatures



Lithium-ion batteries are far lighter than lead batteries, have a low self-discharge rate, and have more starting power at temperatures over 15 °C (60 °F). At low temperatures, however, the starting power of lithium-ion batteries drops to below that of lead batteries.

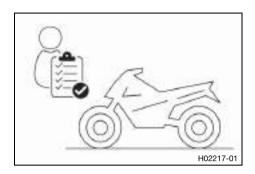
Multiple starting attempts may be needed. Press the electric starter button for 5 seconds, and wait 30 seconds between attempts. The pauses are necessary so that the heat created can distribute through the lithium-ion battery and the lithium-ion battery is not damaged.

If the charged lithium-ion battery does not turn, or only weakly turns over the electric starter when temperatures are below 15 °C (60 °F), then the battery is not faulty, but needs to be warmed up internally to increase its starting power (current output). The starting power increases as the battery warms up.

8.1 Checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use

Info

Before every trip, check the condition of the vehicle and ensure that it is safe to operate. The vehicle must be in perfect technical condition when it is being operated.



- Check the engine oil level. (🕮 p. 109)
- Check the front brake fluid level. (I p. 76)
- Check the rear brake fluid level. (I p. 81)
- Check the front brake linings. (I p. 77)
- Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (I p. 83)
- Check that the brake system is functioning properly.
- Check the coolant level. (III p. 99)
- Check for chain dirt accumulation. (III p. 65)
- Check the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide. (IP p. 68)
- Check the chain tension. (🕮 p. 66)
- Check the tire condition. (🕮 p. 90)
- Check tire pressure. (🕮 p. 91)
- Check the spoke tension. (I p. 91)

Info

The spoke tension must be checked regularly as incorrect spoke tension will strongly impair riding safety.

- Clean the dust boots of the fork legs. (I p. 44)
- Bleed the fork legs. (I p. 43)
- Check the air filter.
- Check the settings of all controls and ensure that they can be operated smoothly.
- Check all screws, nuts, and hose clamps regularly for tightness.
- Check the fuel level.

8.2 Starting the vehicle

Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

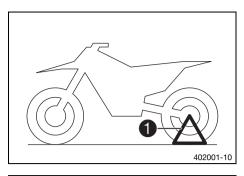
- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

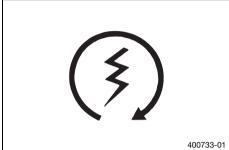
Note

Engine damage High revving speed with a cold engine negatively impacts the lifespan of the engine.

Always run the engine warm at a low speed.

8 **RIDING INSTRUCTIONS**





- Remove plug-in stand ①.
- Shift the transmission to neutral position.

Condition

- Ambient temperature: < 20 °C (< 68 °F)
 - Push the cold start button in all the way.
- Press the electric starter button (9).

Info

Press the electric starter button for a maximum of 5 seconds. Wait for 30 seconds before a further attempt at starting.
 At temperatures below 15 °C (60 °F), several attempts at starting may be necessary to warm-up the lithiumion battery and thereby increase the starting power. During the starting process, the malfunction indicator lamp lights up.

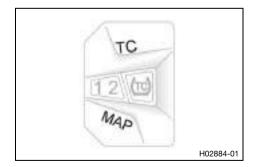
8.3 Activating launch control

Info

The launch control helps the rider to generate optimum motorcycle acceleration at the beginning of a race. The maximum speed of the engine with the throttle valve fully opened (full throttle) is reduced. After the start, it is gradually increased up to the maximum engine speed. The clutch must be operated exactly as it would be without launch control activated.

Condition

The motorcycle is stationary. The engine is running at idle speed. The transmission is in neutral.



Press and hold the **MAP** and **TC** buttons simultaneously.

 \checkmark The malfunction indicator lamp flashes orange rapidly.

lnfo

The <u>launch control</u> is deactivated automatically for a few seconds after the vehicle has started. The launch control is also deactivated in the following cases (malfunction indicator lamp no longer flashes): if the throttle valve is closed more than 1/3 of the way after full throttle, and/or if there is no start within 3 minutes.

For safety reasons, the engine must be switched off for at least 10 seconds before the launch control can be activated again, regardless of whether the vehicle has been started or not.

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8.4 Activating traction control

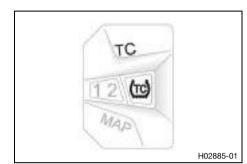
Info

The traction control reduces excessive slip on the rear wheel in favor of more control and propulsion, particularly in wet conditions.

When traction control is switched off, the rear wheel may spin more during high acceleration and on surfaces with low grip.

Traction control can be switched on or off during the ride.

The setting most recently selected is activated again when restarting.



ł	Press button TC to switch the traction control on or off.
(Guideline

Engine speed	≤ 4,000 rpm
 The TC LED lights up when vated. 	n the traction control is acti-

8.5 Starting off

 Pull the clutch lever, engage 1st gear, release the clutch lever slowly and simultaneously open the throttle carefully.

8.6 Shifting, riding

Warning

Danger of accidents If you change down at high engine speed, the rear wheel blocks and the engine races.

- Do not change into a low gear at high engine speed.

Info

If unusual noises occur while riding, stop immediately, switch off the engine, and contact an authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop.

First gear is used for starting off and for steep inclines.

- Shift into a higher gear when conditions allow (incline, road situation, etc.). To do so, release the throttle
 while simultaneously pulling the clutch lever, shift into the next gear, release the clutch lever and open the
 throttle.
- If the cold start button was pushed while starting, open the throttle briefly and release the throttle grip or turn the throttle grip forward.
 - The cold start button goes to the basic position.
- After reaching maximum speed by fully opening the throttle grip, turn the throttle back so it is ¾ open. This
 will barely reduce the speed but fuel consumption will be considerably lower.
- Only open the throttle as much as the engine can handle abrupt throttle grip opening increases fuel consumption.
- To shift down, apply the brakes and close the throttle at the same time.
- Pull the clutch lever and shift into a lower gear, release the clutch lever slowly, and either open the throttle or shift again.

Switch off the engine if you are likely to be running at idle speed or stationary for a long time.
 Guideline

≥ 1 min

- Avoid frequent or lengthy slipping of the clutch. As a result the engine oil, engine and cooling system heat up.
- Ride at a low engine speed instead of at a high engine speed with a slipping clutch.

8.7 Applying the brakes



Warning

Danger of accidents Excessively forceful application of the brakes blocks the wheels.

- Adjust application of the brakes to the respective riding situation and riding surface conditions.



Warning

Danger of accidents A spongy pressure point on the front or rear brake reduces braking efficiency.

- Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Moisture and dirt impair the brake system.

- Brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.
- On sandy, wet, or slippery surfaces, use mostly the rear brake.
- Always finish braking before you go into a bend. Shift down to a lower gear appropriate to your speed.
- Use the braking effect of the engine on long downhill stretches. Shift back one or two gears, but do not
 overrev the engine when doing so. This means that significantly less braking is required and the brake system does not overheat.

8.8 Stopping, parking

Warning

Risk of misappropriation People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.

- Do not leave the vehicle unattended if the engine is running.
- Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.

Warning

Danger of burns Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.

- Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, radiator, engine, shock absorber, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Note

Material damage The vehicle may be damaged by incorrect procedure when parking.

Significant damage may be caused if the vehicle rolls away or falls over.

The components for parking the vehicle are designed only for the weight of the vehicle.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.
- Ensure that nobody sits on the vehicle when the vehicle is parked on a stand.

Note

Fire hazard Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.

- Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
- Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.
- Apply the brakes on the motorcycle.
- Shift the transmission to neutral position.
- Press and hold the kill switch \otimes while the engine is idling until the engine stops.
- Park the motorcycle on firm ground.

8.9 Transporting

Note

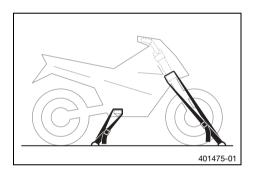
Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

Note

Fire hazard Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.

- Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
- Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.



- Switch off the engine.
- Use tension belts or other suitable devices to secure the motorcycle against falling over or rolling away.

8.10 Refueling



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.

Note

Material damage Inadequate fuel quality causes the fuel filter to quickly become clogged.

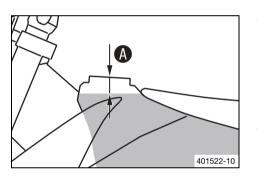
In some countries and regions, the available fuel quality and cleanliness may not be sufficient. This will result in problems with the fuel system.

 Refuel only with clean fuel that meets the specified standards. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.



- Switch off the engine.
- Open fuel tank filler cap. (I p. 17)
- Fill the fuel tank with fuel up to measurement A.
 Guideline

Measurement of	35 mm (1.38 in)		
Super unleaded (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91) (의 p. 130)	١	6.8 I (1.8 US gal)	

Close the fuel tank filler cap. (🕮 p. 17)

9.1 Additional information

Any further work that results from the compulsory work or from the recommended work must be ordered separately and invoiced separately.

Different service intervals may apply in your country, depending on the local operating conditions. Individual service intervals and scopes may change in the course of technical developments. The most upto-date service schedule can always be found on Husqvarna Motorcycles Dealer.net. Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles dealer will be glad to advise you.

9.2 Required work

			afte	r eve	ery ra	ace
Every 40 operating hours			urs			
Every 30) opei	ratin	g ho	urs		
Every 20 ope	eratin	g ho	urs			
Every 10 operation	ng ho	urs				
Once after 1 operating	hour					
Read out the fault memory using the Husqvarna Motorcycles diagnostics tool.	0	٠	•	•	٠	٠
Check and charge the 12 V battery.		٠	•	٠	•	•
Check the front brake linings. (III p. 77)		٠	•	٠	٠	٠
Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (I p. 83)		٠	•	٠	٠	٠
Check the brake discs. (III p. 75)		٠	•	٠	٠	٠
Check the brake lines for damage and leakage.		٠	•	٠	٠	٠
Check the rear brake fluid level. (🕮 p. 81)		٠	•	٠	•	٠
Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (IP p. 80)		٠	•	٠	٠	٠
Check the frame. 🔌 (🕮 p. 70)		٠	•	٠	٠	٠
Check the link fork. 🔌 (🕮 p. 70)		٠	•	٠	٠	٠
Check the swingarm bearing for play.			•		٠	
Check the heim joint for play. 🔧		٠	•	•	٠	٠
Check the shock absorber linkage.		٠	•	•	•	٠
Check the tire condition. (🕮 p. 90)	0	•	•	•	•	٠
Check tire pressure. (🕮 p. 91)	0	٠	•	•	٠	٠
Check the wheel bearing for play.		•	•	•	•	٠
Check the wheel hubs.		٠	•	•	٠	٠
Check the rim run-out.	0	٠	•	•	٠	٠
Check the spoke tension. (III p. 91)	0	٠	•	٠	٠	٠
Check the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide. (I p. 68)		٠	•	•	٠	٠
Check the chain tension. (🕮 p. 66)	0	•	•	•	•	٠
Grease all moving parts (e.g., hand lever, chain,) and check for smooth operation.		•	•	•	•	•
Check/correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch. (IP p. 72)		٠	•	•	•	٠
Check the front brake fluid level. (III p. 76)		•	•	•	•	٠
Check the free travel of the hand brake lever.		•	•	•	•	٠
Check steering head bearing play. (🕮 p. 49)	0	٠	•	٠	•	٠
Check the valve clearance.	0			٠		
Check the clutch.		٠	•	٠	•	٠
Change the engine oil and oil filter and clean the oil screens. 🔌 (🕮 p. 109)	0	•	•	٠	•	٠

			afte	r eve	ery ra	ace
Ever	y 40	opei	ratin	g ho	urs	
Every 30	oper	ratin	g ho	urs		
Every 20 oper	ratin	g ho	urs			
Every 10 operatin	g ho	urs				
Once after 1 operating h	our					
Check all hoses (e.g. fuel, cooling, bleeder, drainage hoses, etc.) and sleeves for cracking, tightness, and correct routing. ◀	0	•	•	•	•	•
Check the antifreeze and coolant level. (🕮 p. 98)	0	٠	•	•	٠	٠
Check the cables for damage and for routing without kinks.		•	•	•	•	٠
Check that the throttle cables are undamaged, routed without sharp bends, and set correctly.	0	•	•	•	•	٠
Clean the air filter and air filter box. 🔌 (🕮 p. 58)		٠	•	٠	•	•
Change the glass fiber yarn filling of the main silencer. ◄ (III p. 60)			•		•	
Service the fork.					•	
Perform the shock absorber service.					•	
Check the screws and nuts for tightness.	0	٠	•	•	٠	٠
Change the fuel screen. \land (🕮 p. 108)	0	٠	•	•	٠	٠
Check the fuel pressure.		•	•	•	•	٠
Check idle speed.	0	٠	•	٠	•	٠
Final check: Check the vehicle for operating safety and take a test ride.	0	٠	•	•	•	٠
Read out the fault memory after the test ride using the Husqvarna Motorcycles diagnostics tool.	0	•	•	•	•	٠
Make the service entry in Husqvarna Motorcycles Dealer.net and in the Service & Manufacturer Warranty Booklet.	0	•	•	•	•	•

• One-time interval

Periodic interval

9.3 Recommended work

			A	nnu	ally
Every 100 operating			g ho	urs	
Every 50 ope	Every 50 operating hours				
Once after 20 operatir	ng ho	urs			
Once after 10 operating he	ours				
Change the front brake fluid.					•
Change the rear brake fluid.					•
Change the hydraulic clutch fluid. 🔌 (🕮 p. 73)					•
Lubricate the steering head bearing. 🔌 (🕮 p. 51)					•
Service the fork. 🔧	0				
Perform the shock absorber service.		0			
Change the fuel filter.				•	
Perform minor engine service, engine has been installed. (Change the spark plug and spark plug connector. Change the piston, check and measure the cylinder; check the cylinder head. Check the camshaft, rocker arm and rocker arm shafts. Check timing assembly.)			•	•	

An		
Every 100 operating hou		
Every 50 operating hours		
Once after 20 operating hours		
Once after 10 operating hours		
Perform major engine service including removing and installing engine. (Change valves, valve springs, valve spring seats, and valve spring retainers. Change the connecting rod, conrod bearing and crank pin. Check the transmission and shift mechanism. Check the oil pressure control valve. Change the suction pump. Check the force pump and lubrication system. Change the timing chain. Change all engine bearings. Change the shaft seal rings and bearing seals of the main bearing.)	•	

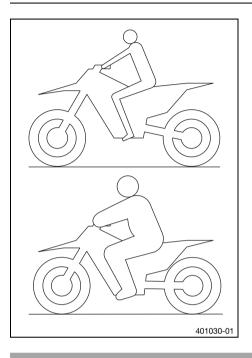
• One-time interval

• Periodic interval

10.1 Checking the basic chassis setting with the rider's weight

Info

When adjusting the basic chassis setting, first adjust the shock absorber and then the fork.



- For optimal motorcycle riding characteristics and to avoid damage to forks, shock absorbers, link fork and frame, the basic settings of the suspension components must match the rider's weight.
- In the delivered condition, Husqvarna motorcycles are adjusted for an average rider's weight (with full protective clothing).

Guideline

Standard rider weight 75 85 kg (165 187)
--

- If the rider's weight is above or below this range, the basic setting of the suspension components must be adjusted accordingly.
- Small weight differences can be compensated by adjusting the spring pretension of the shock absorber, but in the case of large weight differences, the springs must be replaced.

10.2 Air suspension AER 48



Air suspension **WP Suspension AER 48** is used in the fork. In this system, suspension is located in the left fork leg and damping in the right fork leg.

As fork springs are no longer required, a significant weight advantage is achieved when compared to conventional forks. The response on slightly uneven surfaces is significantly improved.

In normal driving mode, suspension is provided exclusively by an air cushion. A steel spring is located in the left fork leg as an end stop.

Info

If the fork is frequently overloaded, then the air pressure in the fork must be increased to avoid damage to the fork and frame.

The air pressure in the fork can be quickly adjusted to the rider's weight, surface conditions and the rider's preference using a fork airpump. The fork does not have to be dismantled. The time consuming mounting of harder or softer fork springs is not required. If the air chamber loses air due to a damaged seal, the fork will still not sag. In this case the air is retained in the fork. The suspension travel is maintained as far as possible. The damping becomes harder and the riding comfort reduces. As with a conventional fork, the damping can be adjusted in

rebound and compression stages.

The rebound adjuster is located at the lower end of the right fork leg.

The compression adjuster is located at the upper end of the right fork leg.

10.3 Compression damping of the shock absorber

The compression damping of the shock absorber is divided into two ranges: high-speed and low-speed. High-speed and low-speed refer to the compression speed of the rear wheel suspension and not to the vehicle speed.

The high-speed setting, for example, has an effect on the landing after a jump: the rear wheel suspension compresses quickly.

The low-speed setting, for example, has an effect when riding over long ground swells: the rear wheel suspension compresses slowly.

These two ranges can be adjusted separately, although the transition between high-speed and low-speed is gradual. Thus, modifications in the high-speed range affect the compression damping in the low-speed range and vice versa.

10.4 Adjusting the low-speed compression damping of the shock absorber

Caution

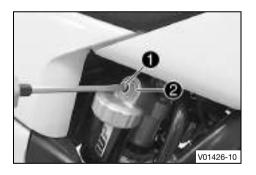
Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly.

The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

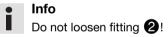
 Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Info

The effect of the low-speed setting can be seen in slow to normal compression of the shock absorber.



Turn adjusting screw ① clockwise with a screwdriver as far as the last perceptible click.



Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Lowspeed compression damping			
Comfort	17 clicks		
Standard	15 clicks		
Sport	13 clicks		

Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

10.5 Adjusting the high-speed compression damping of the shock absorber

Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly.

The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

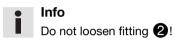
 Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Info

The effect of the high-speed setting can be seen in fast compression of the shock absorber.



- Turn adjusting screw 1 all the way clockwise with a socket wrench.



Turn counterclockwise by the number of turns corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Highspeed compression damping				
Comfort	2.5 turns			
Standard	2 turns			
Sport	1.5 turns			



Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

10.6 Adjusting the rebound damping of the shock absorber



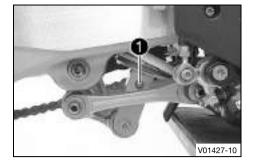
Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly.

The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

 Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

TUNING THE CHASSIS 10



SAG

- Turn adjusting screw 1 clockwise up to the last perceptible click.
- Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type. Guideline

Rebound damping	
Comfort	17 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	13 clicks



Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

10.7 Measuring the rear wheel dimension unloaded

A

402415-10

Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43) _

Main work

Position the sag gage in the rear axle and measure the _ distance to marking SAG on the rear fender.

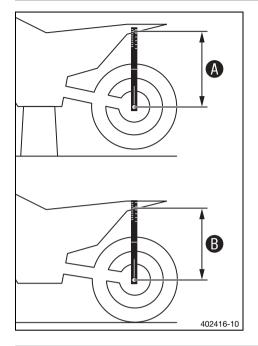
Sag gauge (00029090500)
Sag gage pin (00029990010)

Note down the value as dimension (A).

Finishing work

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43) _

10.8 Checking the static sag of the shock absorber



- Measure dimension A of rear wheel unloaded. (# p. 35)
- Hold the motorcycle upright with the aid of an assistant.
- Measure the distance again between the rear axle and marking SAG on the rear fender using the sag gage.
 - Note down the value as dimension ${f B}$.

lnfo

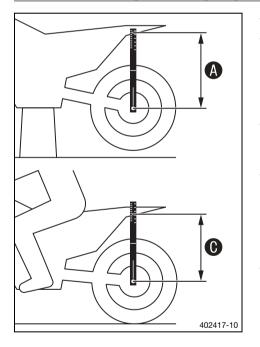
The static sag is the difference between measurements (\mathbf{A}) and (\mathbf{B}) .

Check the static sag.

Static sag	20 mm (0.79 in)
» If the static sag is less or m	ore than the specified value:

 Adjust the spring preload of the shock absorber. (@ p. 37)

10.9 Checking the riding sag of the shock absorber



- Measure dimension **(A)** of rear wheel unloaded. (III p. 35)
- With another person holding the motorcycle, the rider, wearing full protective clothing, sits on the seat in a normal sitting position (feet on footrests) and bounces up and down a few times.
 - ✓ The rear wheel suspension levels out.
- Another person again measures the distance between the rear axle and marking **SAG** on the rear fender using the sag gage.
- Note down the value as dimension **()**.

Info

The riding sag is the difference between measurements (A) and (D).

Check the riding sag.

Guideline	
QUIDEIIIE	

Riding sag		80 mm (3.15 in)	

» If the riding sag differs from the specified measurement:

– Adjust the riding sag. 🔌 (🕮 p. 38)

10.10 Adjusting the spring preload of the shock absorber 3

Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly.

The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Info

2

Note the current adjustment before changing the spring preload --e.g. measure the spring length.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)
- Remove the shock absorber. 🔌 (🕮 p. 53)
- After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

Main work

- Loosen screw 1.
- Turn adjusting ring **2** until the spring is no longer under ten-_ sion.

Hook wrench (90129051000)

- Measure the overall spring length while the spring is not _ under tension.
- Tighten the spring by turning adjusting ring **2** to specified measurement A.

Guideline

Spring preload



Info

Depending on the static sag and/or the riding sag, it may be necessary to increase or decrease the spring preload.

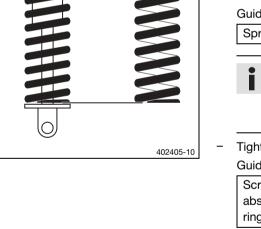
12 mm (0.47 in)

- Tighten screw 1.
 - Guideline

Screw, shock	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
absorber adjusting		
ring		

Finishing work

- Install the shock absorber. 🔌 (🕮 p. 54)
- Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (III p. 80)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)



1

10.11 Adjusting the riding sag **4**

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)
- Remove the shock absorber. 🔌 (💷 p. 53)
 - After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

Main work

Choose and mount a suitable spring.

Guideline

Spring rate	
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg (143 165 lb.)	45 N/mm (257 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)	48 N/mm (274 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)	51 N/mm (291 lb/in)

• Info

The spring rate is shown on the outside of the spring.

Finishing work

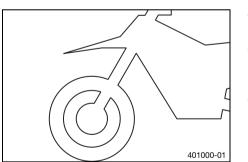
- Install the shock absorber. A (IP p. 54)
- Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (I p. 80)
- Check the static sag of the shock absorber. (III p. 36)
- Check the riding sag of the shock absorber. (III p. 36)
- Adjust the rebound damping of the shock absorber. (I p. 34)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)

10.12 Checking the basic setting of the fork

B00292-10

• Info

For various reasons, no exact riding sag can be determined for the fork.



- Smaller differences in the rider's weight can be compensated for by the fork air pressure.
- However, if the fork frequently bottoms out (hard end stop on compression), the fork air pressure must be increased, within the specified values, to avoid damage to the fork and frame.
- If the fork feels unusually hard after extended periods of operation, the fork legs need to be bled.

10.13 Adjusting the fork air pressure

Warning

Danger of accident Modifications to the suspension setting may seriously alter the handling characteristic.

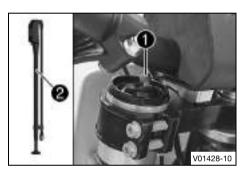
Extreme modifications to the suspension setting may cause a serious deterioration in the handling characteristic and overload components.

- Only make adjustments within the recommended range.
- Ride slowly to start with after making adjustments to get the feel of the new handling characteristic.

Info

Check or adjust the air pressure under the same conditions at the earliest 5 minutes after switching off the engine.

The air suspension is located in the left fork leg. The pressure and rebound damping is located in the right fork leg.



Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 43)

Main work

- Remove protection cap 1.
- Push together fork airpump **2** fully.

Fork airpump (79412966000)

• Info The f

The fork airpump is included as part of the motorcycle's accessory pack.

- Connect the fork airpump to the left fork leg.
 - \checkmark The fork airpump indicator switches on automatically.
 - A little air escapes from the fork leg when connecting.

Info

This is due to the volume of the hose and not due to a defect in the fork airpump or the fork. Read the accompanying instructions for Husqvarna Motorcycles accessories.

- Adjust the air pressure as specified.

Guideline

Air pressure	10.6 bar (154 psi)
Changing the air pressure in steps of	0.2 bar (3 psi)
Minimum air pressure	7 bar (102 psi)
Maximum air pressure	12 bar (174 psi)

Info

Never adjust the air pressure to a value outside the stated range.

- Disconnect the fork airpump from the left fork leg.

- When disconnecting, excess pressure will escape from \checkmark the hose - the fork leg itself does not lose any air.
- The fork airpump indicator switches off automatically after 80 seconds.
- Mount the protection cap.



Info

Only mount the protection cap by hand.

Finishing work

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)

10.14 Adjusting the compression damping of the fork

Info

The hydraulic compression damping determines the fork suspension behavior.



Turn adjusting screw 1 clockwise all the way.

Info

- Adjusting screw 1 is located at the upper end of the right fork leg.
- Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.

Guideline

Compression damping

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Comfort	17 clicks
Standard	12 clicks
Sport	7 clicks



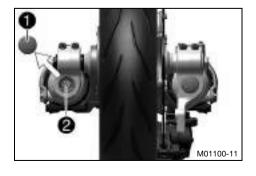
Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

10.15 Adjusting the rebound damping of the fork

Info

The hydraulic rebound damping determines the fork suspension behavior.



- Remove protection cap 1.
- Turn adjusting screw **2** clockwise all the way.
 - Info
 - Adjusting screw 2 is located at the lower end of the right fork leg.
- Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.

Guideline

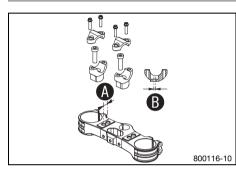
Rebound damping	
Comfort	17 clicks
Standard	12 clicks
Sport	7 clicks

Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

Mount protection cap 1.

10.16 Handlebar position



On the upper triple clamp, there are 2 holes at a distance of A to each other.

Hole distance A15 mm (0.59 in)The holes on the handlebar supports are placed at a distance
of **③** from the center.Hole distance B3.5 mm (0.138 in)

The handlebar can be mounted in four different positions. This allows the handlebar to be mounted in the most comfortable position for the rider.

10.17 Adjusting the handlebar position 4

Preparatory work

Remove the handlebar cushion.

Main work

B00375-10

Remove screws ①. Take off the handlebar clamps. Remove the handlebar and lay it to one side.

Info

Cover the components to protect them against damage.

Do not kink the cables and lines.

- Remove screws 2. Take off the handlebar supports.
- Place the handlebar supports in the required position.

Info

The handlebar supports are longer and higher on one side.

Position the left and right handlebar supports evenly.

- Mount and tighten screws 2.

Guideline

Screw, handle-	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)
bar support		Loctite [®] 243™

- Position handlebar.



Info

Make sure the cables and wiring are positioned correctly.

- Position handlebar clamps.
- Mount screws 1 but do not tighten yet.
- First bolt the handlebar clamps with screws ① onto the longer, higher side of the handlebar supports so that both parts touch.

Guideline

Screw, handlebar	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
clamp		

Tighten screws ① evenly.

Guideline

Screw, handlebar	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
clamp		

Finishing work

- Mount the handlebar cushion.

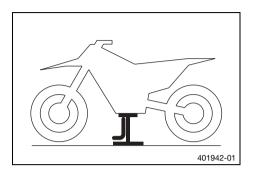
-

11.1 Raising the motorcycle with a lift stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.



- Raise the motorcycle at the frame underneath the engine. Lift stand (80329955100)
 - Neither wheel is in contact with the ground. Secure the motorcycle against falling over.

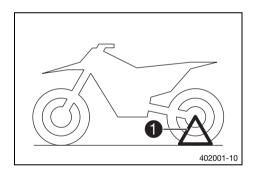
11.2 Removing the motorcycle from the lift stand

Note

Material damage The vehicle may be damaged by incorrect procedure when parking. Significant damage may be caused if the vehicle rolls away or falls over.

The components for parking the vehicle are designed only for the weight of the vehicle.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.
- Ensure that nobody sits on the vehicle when the vehicle is parked on a stand.



Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand.

- Remove the lift stand.
- To park the motorcycle, insert plug-in stand 1 into the left side of the wheel spindle.



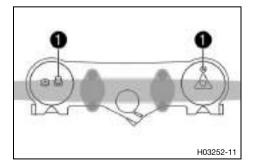
Info

Remove the plug-in stand before riding.

11.3 **Bleeding the fork legs**

Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 43)



Main work

- Release bleeder screws 1.
 - Any excess pressure escapes from the interior of the fork.
- Tighten the bleeder screws.

Finishing work

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)

11.4 Cleaning the dust boots of the fork legs

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 43)
- Remove the fork protector. (I p. 44)

Main work

Push dust boots 1 of both fork legs downward.

Info

The dust boots remove dust and coarse dirt particles from the inside fork tubes. Over time, dirt can accumulate behind the dust boots. If this dirt is not removed, the seals rings behind can start to leak.



H01732-10

Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.
- Clean and oil the dust boots and inner fork tubes of both fork legs.

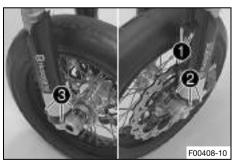
Universal oil spray (III p. 132)

- Press the dust boots back into their installation position.
- Remove excess oil.

Finishing work

- Install the fork protector. (Ell p. 45)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)

11.5 Removing the fork protector



- Remove screws **1** and take off the clamp.
 - Remove screws **2** and take off the left fork protector.
 - Remove screws **3** and take off the right fork protector.

11.6 Installing the fork protector



Position the fork protector on the left fork leg. Mount and tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

- Position the brake line and clamp. Mount and tighten screws **2**.
- Position the fork protector on the right fork leg. Mount and tighten screws 3.

Guideline

chassis

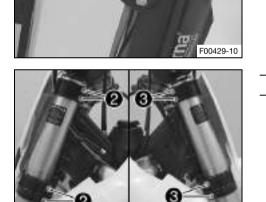
11.7 Removing the fork legs **A**

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (III p. 43)
- Remove the front wheel. 🔌 (I p. 86)

Main work

- Remove screws 1 and take off the clamp.
- Allow the brake caliper and brake line to hang loosely to the side.

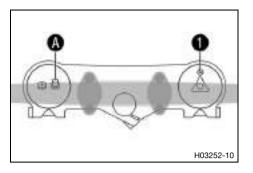


V01431-10

- Loosen screws **2**. Take out the left fork leg.
 - Loosen screws 3. Take out the right fork leg.

-00

11.8 Installing the fork legs 4



Main work

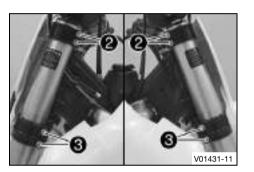
Position the fork legs.

- Air release screw 1 of the right fork leg is positioned to the front.

Info

Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the upper edge of the upper triple clamp.

The air suspension is located in the left fork leg. The pressure and rebound damping is located in the right fork leg.



Tighten screws 2.

Guideline

Screw, top triple	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)
clamp		

Tighten screws 3.

Guideline

Screw, bottom triple	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
clamp		

Position the brake line and clamp. Mount and tighten screws 4.

Finishing work

– Install the front wheel. 🔌 (🕮 p. 87)

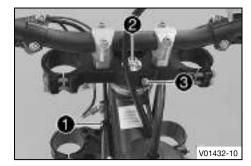
11.9 Removing the lower triple clamp 4

F00429-11

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)
- Remove the handlebar cushion.
- Remove the front wheel. A (IP p. 86)
- Remove the fork legs. 🔌 (🕮 p. 45)
- Remove the start number plate. (🕮 p. 51)
- Remove front fender. (I p. 51)

11.9 Removin



6

Main work

- Remove indicator lamp holder.
- Open cable holder

 on the left and detach the wiring harness.
- Remove screw 2.
- Remove screw 3.
- Take off the upper triple clamp with the handlebar and place to one side.
 - Info
 Cove

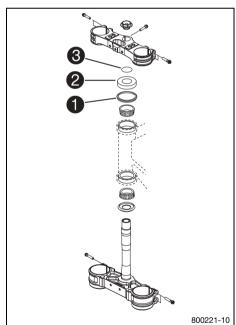
Cover the components to protect them against damage.

Do not kink the cables and lines.

- Remove O-ring 4.
- Remove protective ring **5**.
 - Remove the lower triple clamp with the steering stem.
 - Remove the upper steering head bearing.



11.10 Installing the lower triple clamp



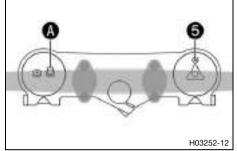
Main work

Clean the bearing and sealing elements, check for damage, and grease.

High viscosity grease (III p. 131)

- Insert the lower triple clamp with the steering stem. Mount the upper steering head bearing.
- Check whether upper steering head seal 1 is correctly positioned.
- Slide on protective ring **2** and O-ring **3**.





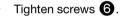
- Position the upper triple clamp with the handlebar.
- Mount screw 4 but do not tighten yet.

- Position the fork legs.
 - Air bleeder screw (5) of the right fork leg is positioned to the front.
 - ✓ Valve A of the left fork leg faces the front.

lnfo

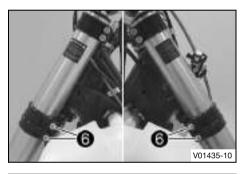
Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the upper edge of the upper triple clamp.

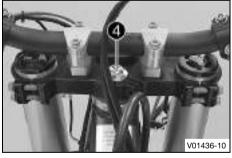
The air suspension is located in the left fork leg. The pressure and rebound damping is located in the right fork leg.

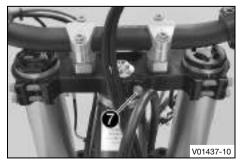


Guideline

Screw, bottom triple	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
clamp		







Tighten screw 4.

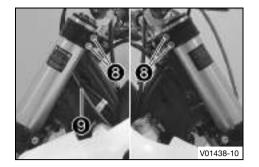
Guideline

Screw, top steering	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
head		

Mount and tighten screw 7.

Guideline

Screw, top	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
steering stem		Loctite [®] 243™



- Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid stresses.
- Tighten screws 8.

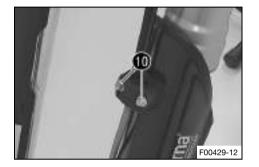
Guideline

Screw, top triple	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)
clamp		

Secure the wiring harness with cable holder (9) on the left.
Mount indicator lamp holder.

Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		



Position the brake line and the clamp. Mount and tighten screws **1**.

Finishing work

- Mount the handlebar cushion.
- Install front fender. (III p. 52)
- Install the start number plate. (I p. 51)
- Install the front wheel. ◄ (≅ p. 87)
- Check that the wiring harness, throttle cables, and brake and clutch lines can move freely and are routed correctly.
- Check steering head bearing play. (I p. 49)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)

11.11 Checking steering head bearing play



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect steering head bearing play impairs the handling characteristic and damages components.

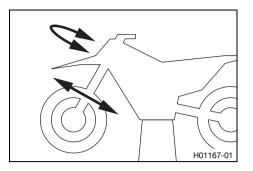
 Correct incorrect steering head bearing play immediately. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Info

If the vehicle is operated for a lengthy period with play in the steering head bearing, the bearings and the bearing seats in the frame can become damaged over time.

Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 43)



Main work

Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Move the fork legs to and fro in the direction of travel.

Play should not be detectable on the steering head bearing.

- » If there is detectable play:
- Adjust steering head bearing play. A (I p. 50)

Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

It must be possible to move the handlebar easily over the entire steering range. There should be no detectable detent positions.

- If detent positions are detected:
 - Adjust steering head bearing play. A (III p. 50)
 - Check the steering head bearing and adjust if necessary.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (III p. 43)

11.12 Adjusting steering head bearing play 4

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)
- Remove the handlebar cushion.

Main work

- Loosen screws 1.
- Remove screw 2.
- Loosen and retighten screw 3.

Guideline

Screw, top steering	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
head		

- Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid stresses.
- Mount and tighten screw 2.

Guideline

Screw, top	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
steering stem		Loctite [®] 243™

Tighten screws 1.

Guideline

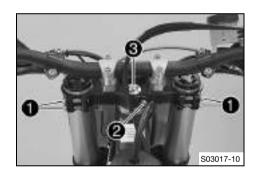
Screw, top triple	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)
clamp		

- Check steering head bearing play. (I p. 49)

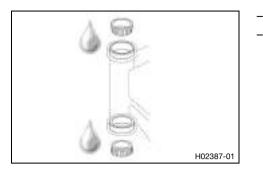
Finishing work

- Mount the handlebar cushion.
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (III p. 43)

•



11.13 Lubricating the steering head bearing A

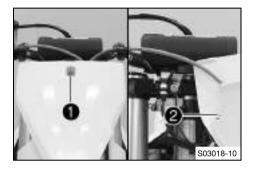


- Remove the lower triple clamp. 🔧 (🕮 p. 46)
 - Install the lower triple clamp. 🔌 (🕮 p. 47)



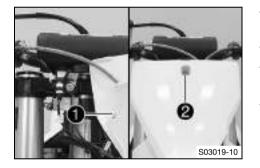
The steering head bearing is cleaned and lubricated in the course of removal and installation of the lower triple clamp.

11.14 Removing the start number plate



Remove screw 1. Swivel the start number plate to one side. Remove screw **2** and take off the brake line guide and start _ number plate.

11.15 Installing the start number plate



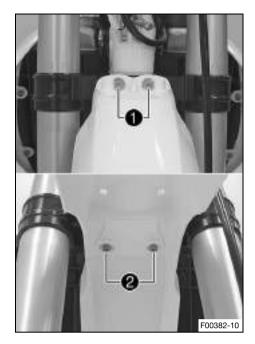
- Position the brake line and brake line guide on the start num-_ ber plate.
- Mount and tighten screw 1.
- Position the start number plate. _
 - The holding lugs engage in the fender.
 - Mount and tighten screw **2**.

Guideline		
Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

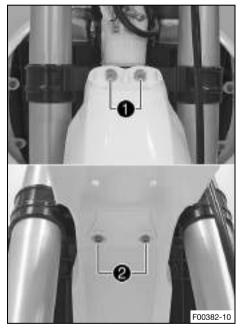
11.16 **Removing front fender**

Preparatory work

Remove the start number plate. (I p. 51)



11.17 Installing front fender



Main work

_

Remove screws **1** and **2**. Take off the front fender.

- Main work
 - Position front fender. Mount and tighten screws 1 and 2. _ Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

Finishing work

Install the start number plate. (I p. 51) _

52

11.18 Removing the shock absorber 4

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (III p. 43)

Main work

- Remove the cable ties.
- Remove screws **1** with the washers.
- Detach frame protector in area A and take off.

- Remove screw **2**.

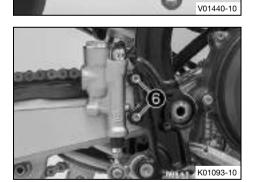
Remove fitting 3.



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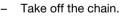
V01439-10

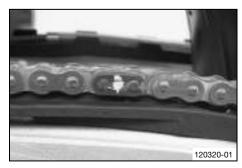
- Info Raise the wheel slightly to be able to remove the screws more easily.
- Press angle lever 4 toward the rear.
- Press linkage lever 6 downward.

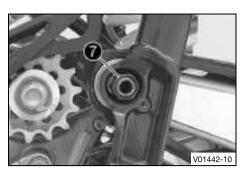


- Remove screws 6.
- Pull off foot brake cylinder from the push rod.

- Remove the connecting link of the chain.

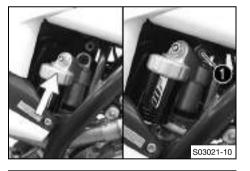


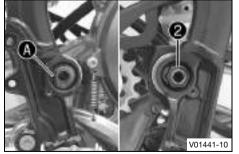






- 11.19 Installing the shock absorber A





- Remove nut 🕜 and pull out the fork pivot.
- Push the link fork back and secure it against falling over.

Hold the shock absorber and remove screw 8.

Remove the shock absorber carefully at the bottom.

- Main work
- Carefully position the shock absorber into the vehicle from the bottom.
- Mount and tighten screw ①.
 Guideline

Screw, top	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)
shock absorber		Loctite [®] 2701™

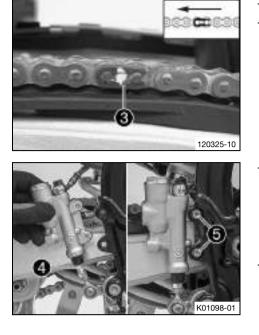
Position link fork and mount fork pivot.

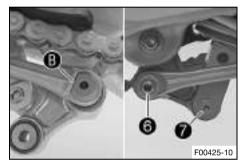
•	Info
	Pay attention to flat area 🚯.

Mount and tighten nut 2.

Guideline

Nut, fork pivot	M16x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)





- Mount the chain.
- Connect the chain with connecting link (3). Guideline

The closed side of the chain joint lock must face in the direction of travel.

- Position the foot brake cylinder.
 - ✓ Push rod ④ engages in the foot brake cylinder.



- Ensure that the dust boot is correctly seated.
- Mount and tighten screws **5**.

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
chassis			

- Position the angle lever and linkage lever.
- Mount and tighten fitting 6.

Guideline

Nut, linkage lever on	M14x1.5	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)
angle lever		



Pay attention to flat area **B**.

Mount and tighten screw 7.

Guideline

Screw, bottom	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)
shock absorber		Loctite [®] 2701™

Info

Raise the wheel slightly to be able to mount the screw more easily.

- Attach frame protector in area () and position.
- Mount and tighten screws (8) with the washers.

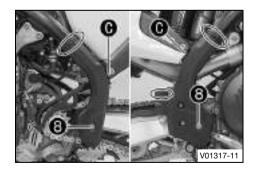
Guideline

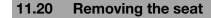
Screw, frame pro-	M5	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)
tector		

- Mount the new cable ties.

Finishing work

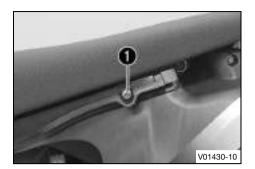
- Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (I p. 80)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (I p. 43)

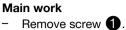




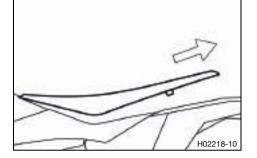
Preparatory work

- Remove the air filter box cover. (🕮 p. 57)

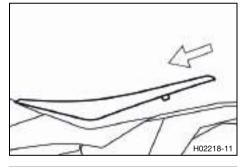




Raise the rear of the seat, pull the seat back, and lift it off.



11.21 Mounting the seat



Main work

- Mount the front of the seat on the collar bushing of the fuel tank and the rear in the bracket.
- Push the seat forward.
- Make sure that the seat is locked in correctly.

Mount and tighten screw **①**.

Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

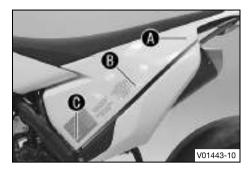
Finishing work

V01430-10

- Install the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)

4

11.22 Removing the air filter box cover



Pull off the air filter box cover sideways in areas (A), (B) and (C) and take off toward the rear.

11.23 Installing the air filter box cover

B



Attach catch 1 of the air filter box in area A and push forward.

- Engage the air filter box cover in areas \mathbf{B} , \mathbf{O} and \mathbf{D} .

11.24 Removing the air filter

O

Note

Engine damage Unfiltered intake air has a negative effect on the service life of the engine.

V01443-11

Dust and dirt will enter the engine without an air filter.

- Never start to use the vehicle without an air filter.



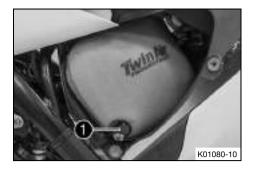
Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

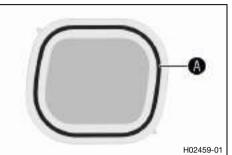
 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Preparatory work

Remove the air filter box cover. (IP p. 57)



11.25 Installing the air filter A





Main work

- Detach retaining tab 1.
- Remove air filter with air filter support.
- Remove air filter from air filter support.

 Hours
 Abin work

 - Mount the clean air filter on the air filter support.

 - Grease the air filter in area ().

 Long-life grease () p. 131)

 H02459-01

 - Insert air filter and position retaining pin () in bushing ().

 - The air filter is correctly positioned.

 - Insert retaining tab ().

 - Retaining pin () is secured by retaining tab ().

 - Info

 If the air filter is not mounted correctly, dust and dirt may enter the engine and result in damage.

Finishing work

Install the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)

11.26 Cleaning the air filter and air filter box **A**

Mote

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Do not clean the air filter with fuel or petroleum since these substances attack the foam.

Preparatory work

- Remove the air filter box cover. (IP p. 57)
- Remove the air filter. 🔌 (IIII p. 57)



Main work

Wash the air filter thoroughly in special cleaning liquid and allow it to dry properly.

Air filter cleaner (🕮 p. 131)

• Info

Only press the air filter to dry it, never wring it out.

Oil the dry air filter with a high-grade air filter oil.

Oil for foam air filter (🕮 p. 131)

- Clean the air filter box.
- Clean the intake flange and check it for damage and tightness.

Finishing work

- Install the air filter. 🔧 (🕮 p. 58)
- Install the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)

11.27 Removing the main silencer



Warning

Danger of burns The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven.

V01446-11

- Allow the exhaust system to cool down before performing any work on the vehicle.



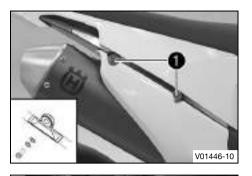
Detach spring 1.

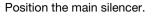
Spring hook (5030501700004)

Remove screws ② with the washers and take off the main silencer.

•

11.28 Installing the main silencer





Mount screws ① with the washers, but do not tighten yet.

Attach spring 2.

Spring hook (5030501700004)

Tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

11.29 Changing the glass fiber yarn filling of the main silencer

V01445-11

Warning

Danger of burns The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven.

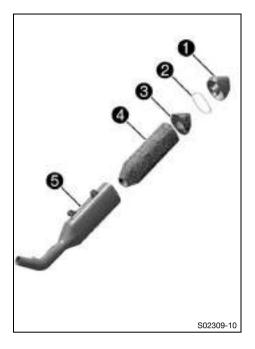
- Allow the exhaust system to cool down before performing any work on the vehicle.

Info

Over time, the fibers of the glass fiber yarn escape and the damper "burns" out. Not only is the noise level higher, the performance characteristic changes.

Preparatory work

Remove the main silencer. (I p. 59)



Main work

- Remove all the screws on the silencer cap.
- Take off silencer cap 1 and O-ring 2.
- Pull glass fiber yarn filling 3 out of the silencer cap.
- Pull glass fiber yarn filling 4 from the inner tube.
- Clean the parts that need to be reinstalled and check for damage.
- Mount new glass fiber yarn filling 4 on the inner tube.
- Position new glass fiber yarn filling 3 in the silencer cap.
- Insert O-ring and silencer cap into outer tube 6.
- Mount all screws on the silencer cap and tighten.
 Guideline

Screws on main	M5	7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)
silencer		

Finishing work

- Install the main silencer. (III p. 60)

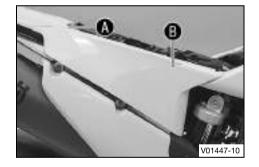
11.30 Removing the right side cover

Preparatory work

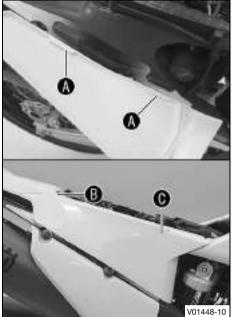
- Remove the air filter box cover. (1 p. 57)
- Remove the seat. (III p. 56)

Main work

 Detach side cover in area (A), pull off sideways in area (B) and take off toward the rear.



11.31 Installing the right side cover



Main work

- Attach side cover with the holding lugs (A) from below and push upward.
- Engage the side cover in areas \mathbf{B} and \mathbf{O} .

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 56)
- Install the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)

11.32 Removing the fuel tank **A**

Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.

Preparatory work

Remove the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)

- Remove the seat. (I p. 56)
- Remove the right side cover. (I p. 61)

Main work

- Unplug connector 1 of the fuel pump.
- Pull the fuel tank breather hose off the fuel tank lid.
- Clean plug-in connection ② of the fuel line thoroughly with compressed air.

Info

Under no circumstances should dirt enter into the fuel line. Dirt in the fuel line clogs the injection valve!

Disconnect the plug-in connection of the fuel line.

Info Bem

Remaining fuel may flow out of the fuel hose.

Mount wash cap set **A**.

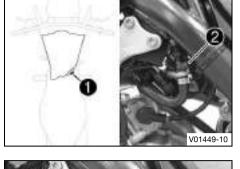
Wash cap set (81212016100)

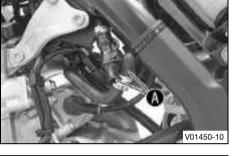
- Remove screws 3.

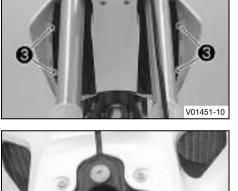
- Remove screw 4 with the rubber bushing.

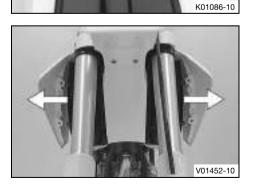
 Pull both spoilers laterally off the radiator and take off the fuel tank upwards.











11.33 Installing the fuel tank **A**

Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

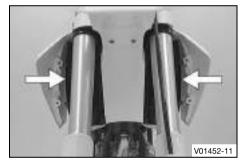
The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.

Warning

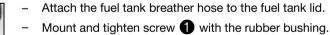
Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.



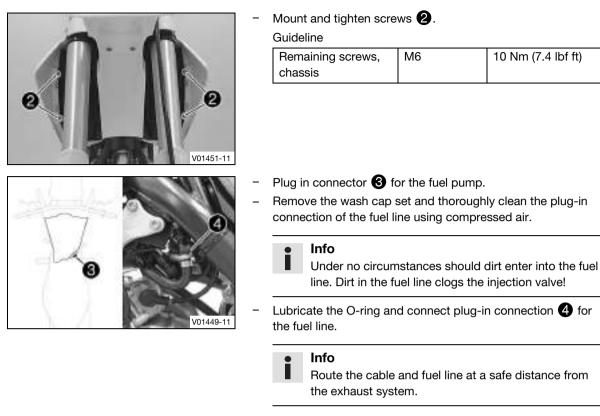
Main work

- Check throttle cable routing. (I p. 70)
- Position the fuel tank and fit the two spoilers laterally to the radiator.
- Make sure that no cables or throttle cables are trapped or damaged.



Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

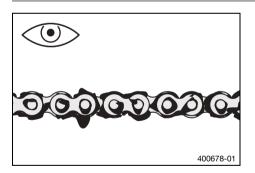




Finishing work

- Install the right side cover. (I p. 62)
- Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 56)
- Install the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)

11.34 Checking for chain dirt accumulation



- Check the chain for coarse dirt accumulation.
- » If the chain is very dirty:

Clean the chain. (^{[[]} p. 65)

11.35 Cleaning the chain



Warning

Danger of accidents Lubricants on the tires reduces the road grip.

- Remove lubricants from the tires using a suitable cleaning agent.



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

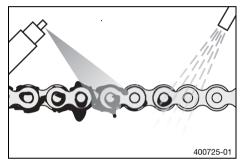
 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

The service life of the chain depends largely on its maintenance.

Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 43)



Main work

- Rinse off loose dirt with a soft jet of water.

Remove old grease residue with chain cleaner.

Chain cleaner (III p. 131)

After drying, apply chain spray.

Off-road chain spray (🕮 p. 131)

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (I p. 43)

11.36 Checking the chain tension



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.

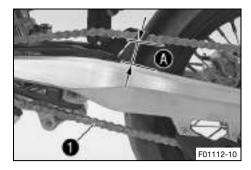
If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded. If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the

rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.

- Check the chain tension regularly.
- Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 43)



Main work

Pull the chain at the end of the chain sliding piece upward to measure chain tension **A**.

Info

Lower chain section 1 must be taut.

Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

Chain tension	55 58 mm (2.17
	2.28 in)

If the chain tension does not meet the specification:

Adjust the chain tension. (I p. 67)

Finishing work

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)

11.37 Adjusting the chain tension

Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents. If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded. If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the

rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.

- Check the chain tension regularly.
- Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)
- Check the chain tension. (I p. 66)

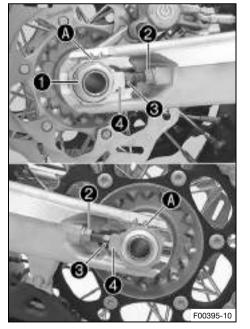
Main work

- Loosen nut 🚺.
- Loosen nuts 2.
- Adjust the chain tension by turning adjusting screws ③ left and right.

Guideline

Guideime			
Chain tension	55 58 mm (2.17		
	2.28 in)		
Turn adjusting screws 3 on the left and right so that the			
markings on the left and right chain adjusters are in the			
same position relative to reference marks $oldsymbol{A}$. The rear			
wheel is then correctly aligned.			

- Tighten nuts **2**.
- Make sure that chain adjusters 4 are fitted correctly on adjusting screws 3.
- Tighten nut 1.





Nut, rear wheel spin- dle	M25x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
------------------------------	---------	-------------------

Info

The wide adjustment range of the chain adjusters (32 mm (1.26 in)) enables different secondary ratios with the same chain length. Chain adjusters (4) can be turned by 180°.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (III p. 43)

11.38 Checking the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)

Main work

- Shift the transmission to neutral position.
- Check the chain, rear sprocket and engine sprocket for wear.
 - » If the chain, rear sprocket or engine sprocket is worn:
 - Change the drivetrain kit. 🔌



The engine sprocket, rear sprocket and chain should always be replaced together.

Pull on the top section of the chain with the specified weight **A**.

Guideline

Weight, chain wear mea-	10 15 kg (22 33 lb.)
surement	

Measure distance **B** of 18 chain rollers in the lower chain section.

lnfo

Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

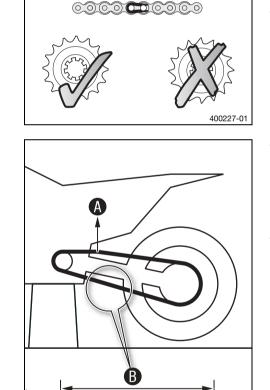
Maximum distance B	272 mm (10.71 in)
from 18 chain rollers at the	
longest chain section	

» If distance B is greater than the specified measurement:
 – Change the drivetrain kit.

Info

When a new chain is mounted, the rear sprocket and engine sprocket should also be changed.

New chains wear out faster on an old, worn rear sprocket or engine sprocket.



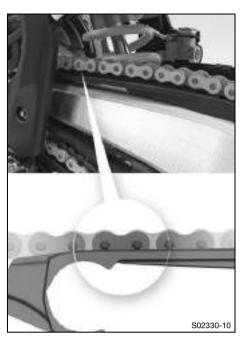
(0 0)(0 0)

400987-10

16 17 18

(0 0)(0 0)

1 2 3



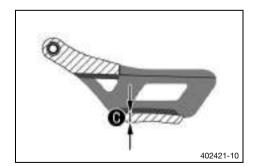
- Check the chain sliding guard for wear.
 - » If the lower edge of the chain pins is in line with, or below, the chain sliding guard:
 - Change the chain sliding guard. 🔌
- Check that the chain sliding guard is firmly seated.
 - » If the chain sliding guard is loose:
 - Tighten the screws on the chain sliding guard.

Guideline				
Screw, chain	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)		
sliding guard		Loctite [®] 243™		

- Check the chain sliding piece for wear.
 - » If the lower edge of the chain pins is in line with or below the chain sliding piece:
 - Change the chain sliding piece.
- Check that the chain sliding piece is firmly seated.
- » If the chain sliding piece is loose:
 - Tighten the screw on the chain sliding piece.
 Guideline

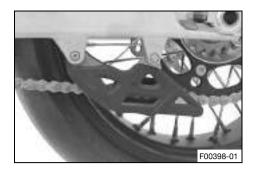
Screw, chain slid-	M8	15 Nm
ing piece		(11.1 lbf ft)

- Check the chain guide with a slide gauge for dimension **()**.



-	
Minimum thickness 🕑 of	6 mm (0.24 in)
the chain guide	

- If the measured value is less than the specification:
 - Change the chain guide.



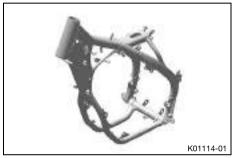
- Check that the chain guide is firmly seated.
 - » If the chain guide is loose:
 - Tighten the screws on the chain guide.
 Guideline

Guideline				
Remaining	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)		
screws, chassis				

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)

11.39 Checking the frame **A**



- Check the frame for cracks and deformation.

- » If the frame exhibits cracks or deformation due to a mechanical impact:
 - Change the frame.

Info Alwa

Always replace a frame that has been damaged due to a mechanical impact. Repair of the frame is not authorized by Husqvarna Motorcycles.

11.40 Checking the link fork **4**



- Check the link fork for damage, cracking, and deformation.
- » If the link fork exhibits damage, cracking, or deformation:
 - Change the link fork.

Info

Always replace a damaged link fork. Repair of the link fork is not authorized by Husqvarna Motorcycles.

11.41 Checking throttle cable routing

Preparatory work

- Remove the air filter box cover. (IP p. 57)
- Remove the seat. (I p. 56)
- Remove the right side cover. (I p. 61)
- Remove the fuel tank. 🔌 (💷 p. 62)



Main work

- Check throttle cable routing.

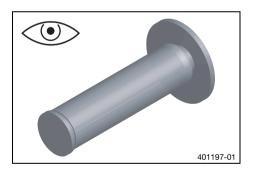
Both throttle cables must be routed, side by side, on the back of the handlebars and above the fuel tank bracket, to the throttle valve body. Both throttle cables must be secured behind the rubber strap of the fuel tank support.

- » If the throttle cable routing is not as specified:
 - Correct the throttle cable routing.

Finishing work

- Install the fuel tank. \land (19 p. 64)
- Install the right side cover. (19 p. 62)
- Mount the seat. (III p. 56)
- Install the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)

11.42 Checking the rubber grips

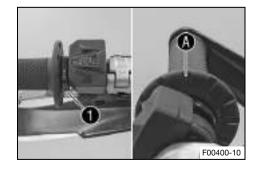


Check the rubber grips on the handlebar for damage, wear, and looseness.

Info

The rubber grips are vulcanized onto a sleeve on the left and onto the handle tube of the throttle grip on the right. The left sleeve is clamped onto the handlebar. The rubber grip can only be replaced with the sleeve or the throttle tube.

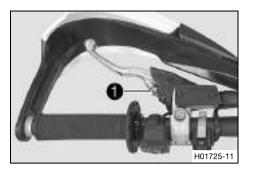
- If a rubber grip is damaged or worn:
 - Change the rubber grip.



Check that screw 1 is firmly seated.
 Guideline

Screw, fixed grip	M4	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243™
The diamond A	must be located	at the top.

11.43 Adjusting the basic position of the clutch lever



Adjust the basic position of the clutch lever to your hand size by turning adjusting screw **①**.

Info

When the adjusting screw is turned counterclockwise, the clutch lever moves away from the handlebar. When the adjusting screw is turned clockwise, the clutch lever moves closer to the handlebar. The range of adjustment is limited. Only turn the adjusting screw by hand, and do not use force.

Do not make any adjustments while riding.

11.44 Checking/correcting the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch

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Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

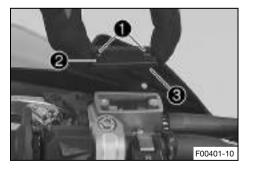
- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

• Info

The fluid level rises with increasing wear of the clutch facing discs.

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and clutch lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



- Move the clutch fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
 - Remove screws 1.
- Remove cover **2** with membrane **3**.
- Check the fluid level.

Fluid level below container	4 mm (0.16 in)
rim	

- If the fluid level does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (III p. 129)

Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

11.45 Changing the hydraulic clutch fluid A

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

Note

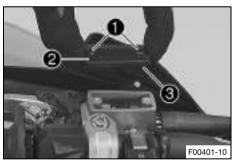
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

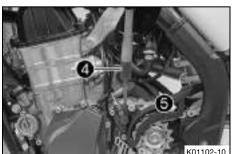
Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and clutch lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

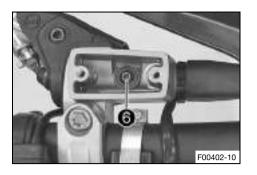


- Move the clutch fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Take off cover **2** with membrane **3**.



Syringe (50329050000)	
Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (🕮 p. 129)	

- On the clutch slave cylinder, remove the protection cap and mount bleeding syringe with appropriate hose piece at the bleeder screw 5.
- Only loosen bleeder screw (5) on the clutch slave cylinder to the point where filling is possible.



- Now press the fluid into the system until it emerges from the hole **6** of the master cylinder without bubbles.
- Now and then, extract fluid from the master cylinder reservoir to prevent overflow.
- Tighten the bleeder screw and remove the bleeding syringe with the hose. Mount the protection cap.
- Correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch.

Guideline

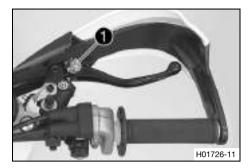
Fluid level below container	4 mm (0.16 in)
rim	

Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

12.1 Adjusting the basic position of the hand brake lever



Adjust the basic position of the hand brake lever to your hand size by turning adjusting wheel ①.

Info

Push the hand brake lever forward and turn the adjusting wheel.

Turn the adjusting wheel clockwise to increase the distance between the hand brake lever and the handlebar.

Turn the adjusting wheel counterclockwise to decrease the distance between the hand brake lever and the handlebar.

The range of adjustment is limited.

Only turn the adjusting wheel by hand; do not use force.

Do not make any adjustments while riding.

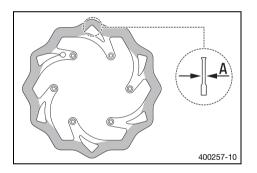
12.2 Checking the brake discs



Warning

Danger of accidents Worn-out brake discs reduce the braking effect.

 Make sure that worn-out brake discs are replaced immediately. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Check the front and rear brake disc thickness at multiple points for the dimension **(A**).



Wear reduces the thickness of the brake disc around the contact surface of the brake linings.

Brake discs - wear limit	
front	4.5 mm (0.177 in)
rear	3.5 mm (0.138 in)

- If the brake disc thickness is less than the specification:
 - Change the front brake disc.
 - Change the rear brake disc. 🔧
- Check the front and rear brake discs for damage, cracking, and deformation.
 - » If the brake disc exhibits damage, cracking, or deformation:
 - Change the front brake disc.
 - Change the rear brake disc.

12.3 Checking the front brake fluid level

Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail. If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

- Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Preparatory work

Check the front brake linings. (I p. 77)

Main work

- Move the brake reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Check the brake fluid level in brake fluid reservoir 1.
- » If the brake fluid level is below the **MIN** marking:
 - Add front brake fluid. 🔌 (🕮 p. 76)

12.4 Adding front brake fluid A



Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

- Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Note

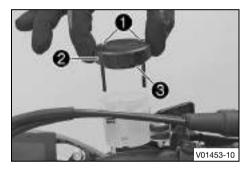
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



Preparatory work

- Check the front brake linings. (I p. 77)

Main work

- Move the brake reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Take off cover **2** with membrane **3**.
- Fill brake fluid up to the MAX marking.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (III p. 129)

Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

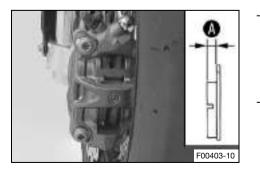
Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

12.5 Checking the front brake linings

Warning

- Danger of accidents Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.
- Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



_	Check the brake linings for minimum thickness A .		
	Minimum thickness	≥ 1 mm (≥ 0.04 in)	
	» If the minimum thickness is less than specified:		
	 Change the front brake linings. 4 (III p. 78) 		
_	Check the brake linings for dar	nage and cracking.	

- » If damage or wear is encountered:
 - Change the front brake linings. 🔌 (🕮 p. 78)

12.6 Changing the front brake linings **4**

Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect servicing will cause the brake system to fail.

 Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Note

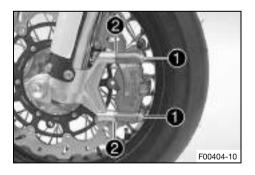
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



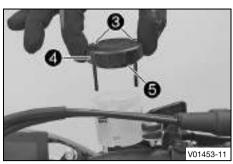
Remove screws 1 with washers 2.

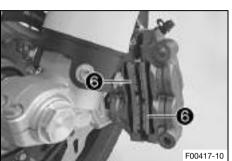
Press back the brake linings by slightly tilting the brake caliper laterally on the brake disc. Pull the brake caliper carefully back from the brake disc and hang to the side.



Do not operate the hand brake lever if the brake caliper has been removed.

BRAKE SYSTEM 12





 Press the brake piston back into the basic position and ensure that brake fluid does not flow out of the brake fluid reservoir; extract some if necessary.

Move the brake reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a hori-

Press together brake linings (6) and remove them from the brake caliper.



Clean the brake caliper and spring plate.Ensure that the spring plate is correctly positioned.

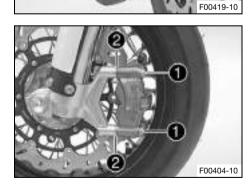
Take off cover **4** with membrane **5**.



zontal position. Remove screws **3**.

The arrow on the spring plate points in the direction of rotation of the brake disc.

- Position the new brake linings 6 in the guides and press toward the pistons.
 - ✓ The spring plate is seated correctly in the brake caliper.

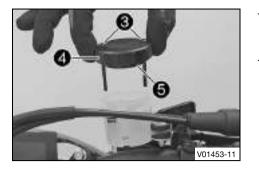


- Position the brake caliper. Mount screws 1 with washers 2 but do not tighten yet.
 - ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Operate the hand brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point. Fix the hand brake lever in the activated position.
 - ✓ The brake caliper straightens.
- Tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Screw, front	M10x1.25	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
brake caliper		Loctite [®] 243™

- Remove the locking piece of the hand brake lever.



- Fill brake fluid up to the MAX marking.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (I p. 129)

Position cover **4** with membrane **5**. Mount and tighten screws **3**.

Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

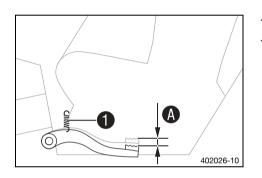
12.7 Checking the free travel of foot brake lever

Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.



- Disconnect spring 1.
- Move the foot brake lever back and forth between the end stop and the contact to the foot brake cylinder piston and check free travel (A).

Guideline

Free travel at foot brake	3 5 mm (0.12 0.2 in)
lever	

- » If the free travel does not meet specifications:
- Reconnect spring ①.

12.8 Adjusting the basic position of the foot brake lever

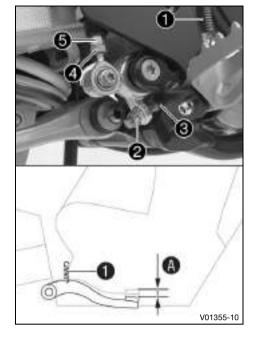
Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

- Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.

BRAKE SYSTEM 12



- Detach spring 1.
- Loosen nut ④ and, with push rod ⑤, turn it back until you have maximum free travel.
- To adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever to individual requirements, loosen nut 2 and turn screw 3 accordingly.



- The range of adjustment is limited.
- Turn push rod (3) accordingly until you have free travel (A). If necessary, adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever.
 Guideline

Free travel at foot brake	3 5 mm (0.12 0.2 in)
lever	

Hold push rod (5) and tighten nut (4).
 Guideline

Remaining nuts,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

- Hold screw 3 and tighten nut 2.

Guideline

Nut, foot brake lever	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
stop		

Attach spring 1.

12.9 Checking the rear brake fluid level

Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail. If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

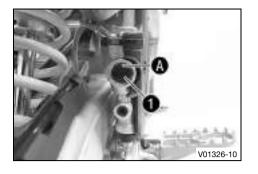
Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Preparatory work

- Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (IP p. 83)

12 BRAKE SYSTEM



12.10 Adding rear brake fluid A

Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail. If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

Main work

Stand the vehicle upright.

Check the brake fluid level in the viewer 1.

Add rear brake fluid. 🔌 (💷 p. 82)

If the brake fluid level drops below marking A:

- Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

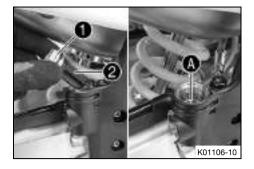
Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work

Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (I p. 83)



Main work

- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Remove screw cap **1** with membrane **2** and the O-ring.
- Add brake fluid to level A.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (I p. 129)

 Mount and tighten the screw cap with the membrane and Oring.

Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

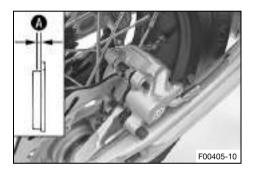
12.11 Checking the brake linings of the rear brake

▲

Warning

Danger of accidents Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.

 Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Check the brake linings for minimum thickness (A).

Minimum thickness A ≥ 1 mm (≥ 0.04 in)

» If the minimum thickness is less than specified:
 – Change the rear brake linings. ◀ (III p. 83)

- Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.
- » If damage or wear is encountered:
 - Change the rear brake linings.
 (III p. 83)

12.12 Changing the rear brake linings 4

Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect servicing will cause the brake system to fail.

 Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)

Note

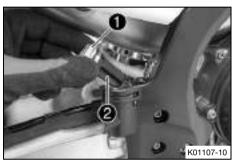
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

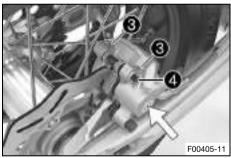
 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.





- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Remove screw cap 1 with membrane 2 and the O-ring.

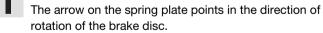
 Manually press the brake caliper toward the brake disc to push back the brake piston. Ensure that brake fluid does not flow out of the brake fluid reservoir, if necessary extract excess.

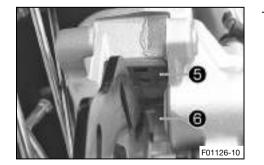
Info

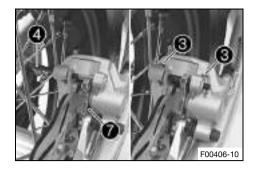
Make sure that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes when pushing back the brake piston.

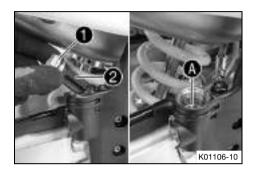
- Remove cotter pins (3), pull out pin (4), and remove the brake linings.
- Clean the brake caliper and brake caliper bracket.
- Check that spring plate in the brake caliper and sliding plate in the brake caliper bracket are seated properly.

Info









- Insert the new brake linings, insert pin ④, and mount cotter pins ③.

Info

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_

- Always change the brake linings in pairs. Make sure that decoupling plate is mounted on the piston side brake lining.
- Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.
 - Add brake fluid to level **A**.

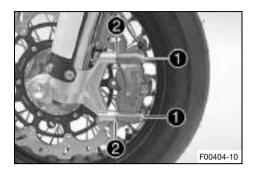
Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (III p. 129)

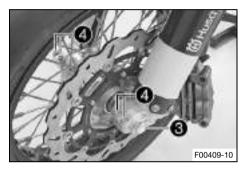
Mount and tighten screw cap **①** with membrane **②** and the O-ring.

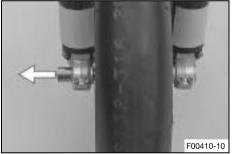
Info

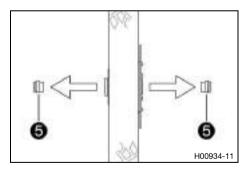
Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

13.1 Removing the front wheel **A**









Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)

Main work

- Remove screws **1** with washers **2**.
- Press back the brake linings by slightly tilting the brake _ caliper laterally on the brake disc.
- Pull the brake caliper carefully back from the brake disc and hang to the side loosely.

Info

- Do not operate the hand brake lever if the brake caliper has been removed.
- Loosen screw **3** by several rotations.
- Loosen screws 4.
- Press on screw 3 to push the wheel spindle out of the axle clamp.
- Remove screw 3.



Warning

Danger of accidents Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

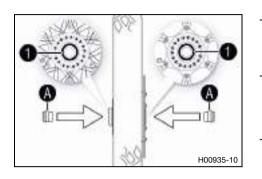
- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.
- Holding the front wheel, withdraw the wheel spindle. Take the front wheel out of the fork.
- Remove spacers **5**.

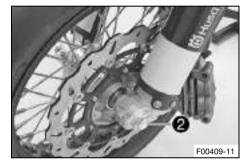
13.2 Installing the front wheel A

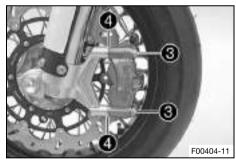
Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.







- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
 » If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Change front wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings 1 and contact surfaces A of the spacers.

Long-life grease (I p. 131)

Insert the spacers.

Info

Insert the wide spacer on the brake disc side. Insert the narrow spacer on the opposite side.

- Clean and grease the wheel spindle.

Long-life grease (E p. 131)

- Position the front wheel and insert the wheel spindle.
- Mount and tighten screw 2.
 Guideline
 Screw front wheel
 M24x

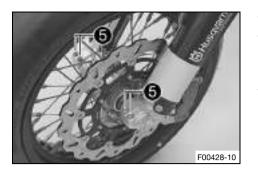
Screw, front wheel	M24x1.5	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
spindle		

- Position the brake caliper. Mount screws 3 with washers 4 but do not tighten yet.
 - ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Operate the hand brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point. Fix the hand brake lever in the activated position.
 - The brake caliper straightens.
- Tighten screws 3.

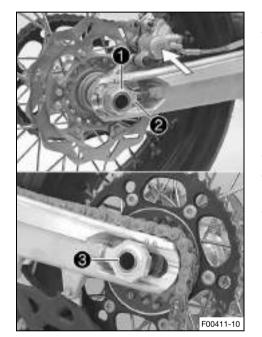
Guideline

Screw, front	M10x1.25	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
brake caliper		Loctite [®] 243™

Remove the locking piece of the hand brake lever.



13.3 Removing the rear wheel A



- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)
- Operate the front brake and compress the fork a few times firmly.
 - The fork legs straighten.
- Tighten screws 6.

Guideline

Screw, fork stub M8 15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)

Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)

Main work

 Press the brake caliper onto the brake disc by hand in order to push back the brake piston.

Info

Make sure that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes when pushing back the brake piston.

Remove nut 1.

- Remove chain adjuster **2**. Pull out wheel spindle **3** far enough to allow the rear wheel to be pushed forward.
- Push the rear wheel forward as far as possible. Remove the chain from the rear sprocket.

Info

Cover the components to protect them against damage.



Warning

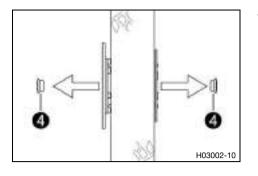
Danger of accidents Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.
- Holding the rear wheel, withdraw the wheel spindle. Take rear wheel out of the link fork.

lnfo

Do not operate the foot brake lever when the rear wheel is removed.

WHEELS, TIRES 13



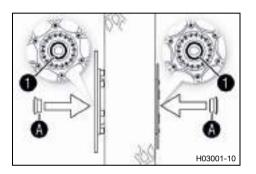
Remove spacers 4.

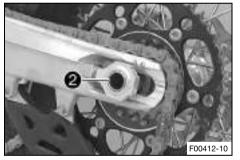
13.4 Installing the rear wheel A

Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.





Main work

Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.

- » If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Change the rear wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings 1 and contact surfaces A of the spacers.

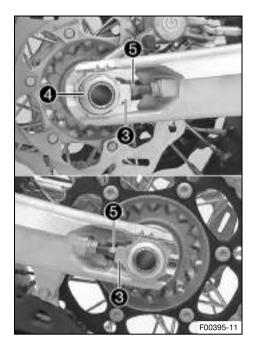
Long-life grease (III p. 131)

Insert the spacers.

- Clean and grease the wheel spindle.

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 131)

- Position the rear wheel and insert wheel spindle 2.
 The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Mount the chain.



- Position chain adjuster **3**. Mount nut **4**, but do not tighten it yet.
- Make sure that chain adjusters ③ are fitted correctly on adjusting screws ⑤.
- Check the chain tension. (I p. 66)
- Tighten nut 4.

Guideline

Nut, rear wheel spin-	M25x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
dle		

Info

- The wide adjustment range of the chain adjusters (32 mm (1.26 in)) enables different secondary ratios with the same chain length. Chain adjusters **3** can be turned by 180°.
- Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 43)

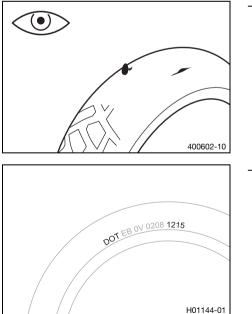
13.5 Checking the tire condition

Info

Only mount tires approved and/or recommended by Husqvarna Motorcycles. Other tires could have a negative effect on handling characteristics. The type, condition, and pressure of the tires all have a major impact on the handling characteristic of the motorcycle.

The tires mounted on the front and rear wheels must have a similar profile.

Worn tires have a negative effect on handling characteristics, especially on wet surfaces.



- Check the front and rear tires for cuts, run-in objects, and other damage.
 - » If the tires have cuts, run-in objects, or other damage:
 - Change the tires.
- Check the tire age.

Info

The tire date of manufacture is usually contained in the tire label and is indicated by the last four digits of the **DOT** number. The first two digits indicate the week of manufacture and the last two digits the year of manufacture.

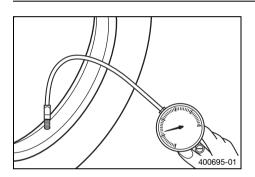
Husqvarna Motorcycles recommends that the tires be changed after 5 years at the latest, regardless of the actual state of wear.

- If the tires are more than 5 years old:
 - Change the tires.

13.6 Checking tire pressure

Info

Low tire pressure leads to abnormal wear and overheating of the tire. Correct tire pressure ensures optimal riding comfort and maximum tire service life.



- Remove the protection cap.

Check the tire pressure on cold or warm tires.

Tire pressure (cold)	
front: 10 … 30 °C (50 … 86 °F)	1.9 bar (28 psi)
rear: 10 30 °C (50 86 °F)	1.7 bar (25 psi)
Tire pressure (warm)	
front: 75 … 85 °C (167 … 185 °F)	2.1 bar (30 psi)
rear: 75 … 85 °C (167 … 185 °F)	1.9 bar (28 psi)

» If the tire pressure does not meet specifications:

- Correct the tire pressure.
- Mount the protection cap.

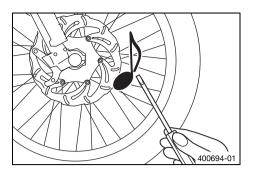
13.7 Checking spoke tension

Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrectly tensioned spokes impair the handling characteristic and result in secondary damage.

The spokes break due to being overloaded if they are too tightly tensioned. If the tension in the spokes is too low, then lateral and radial run-out will form in the wheel. Other spokes will become looser as a result.

 Check spoke tension regularly, and in particular on a new vehicle. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



Strike each spoke briefly using a screwdriver blade.

lnfo

The frequency of the sound depends on the spoke length and spoke diameter. If you hear different tone frequencies from different spokes of equal length and diameter, this is an indication of different spoke tensions.

You should hear a high note.

- » If the spoke tension differs:
 - Correct the spoke tension. 🔧
- Check the spoke torque.

Guideline

Spoke nipple, front wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
Spoke nipple, rear wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
Torque wrench kit (58	429094000)	

14.1 Removing the 12 V battery 3

Warning

Risk of injury 12 V batteries contain harmful substances.

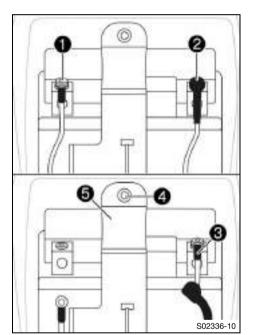
- Keep 12 V batteries out of the reach of children.
- Keep sparks and open flames away from 12 V batteries.
- Only charge 12 V batteries in well-ventilated rooms.
- Maintain a minimum clearance from inflammable materials when charging 12 V batteries.
 Minimum clearance
 1 m (3 ft)
- Do not charge deeply discharged 12 V batteries if the charge is already below the minimum voltage.
 Minimum voltage before the start of the charge 9 V
- Dispose of 12 V batteries with less than the minimum voltage correctly.

Preparatory work

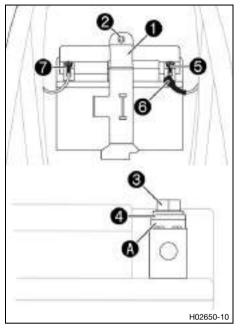
- Remove the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)
- Remove the seat. (III p. 56)

Main work

- Hang the voltage regulator to the side.
- Disconnect negative cable 1 from the 12 V battery.
- Pull back the positive terminal cover 2 and disconnect positive cable 3 from the 12 V battery.
- Remove screw 4.
- Pull holding bracket forward and take out the 12 V battery upwards.



14.2 Installing the 12 V battery 4



Main work

 Position the 12 V battery in the battery compartment with the terminals facing forward, and secure with holding bracket 1.

12 V battery (HJTZ5S-FP-C) (🕮 p	o. 125)
---------------------------------	---------

Mount and tighten screw **2**.

Guideline

Remaining nuts,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

• Info

- Contact disks (A) must be mounted under screws (3) and cable sockets (4) with the claws toward the battery terminal.
- Connect positive cable 5 to the 12 V battery.

G	uide	line
0	arao	in ic

Screw, battery termi-	M5	2.5 Nm (1.84 lbf ft)
nal		

- Slide positive terminal cover 6 over the positive terminal.
- Connect negative cable 🕜 to the 12 V battery.

Guideline

Screw, battery termi-	CIVI	2.5 Nm (1.84 lbf ft)
nal		

Position the voltage regulator.

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (III p. 56)
- Install the air filter box cover. (III p. 57)

14.3 Charging the 12 V battery 4

Warning

Risk of injury 12 V batteries contain harmful substances.

- Keep 12 V batteries out of the reach of children.
- Keep sparks and open flames away from 12 V batteries.
- Only charge 12 V batteries in well-ventilated rooms.
- Maintain a minimum clearance from inflammable materials when charging 12 V batteries.
 Minimum clearance
 1 m (3 ft)
- Do not charge deeply discharged 12 V batteries if the charge is already below the minimum voltage.
 Minimum voltage before the start of the charge 9 V
- Dispose of 12 V batteries with less than the minimum voltage correctly.

🖉 Note

Environmental hazard 12 V batteries contain environmentally hazardous materials.

- Do not dispose of 12 V batteries as household waste.
- Dispose of 12 V batteries at a collection point for used batteries.

Info

Even when there is no load on the 12 V battery, it discharges steadily.

The charging level and the method of charging are very important for the service life of the 12 V battery. Rapid recharging with a high charging current shortens the service life of the battery. If the charging current, charging voltage, or charging time are exceeded, the 12 V battery will be destroyed.

If the 12 V battery is depleted by repeated starting, the 12 V battery must be charged immediately. If the 12 V battery is left in a discharged state for an extended period, it will become deeply discharged and suffer a loss of capacity, destroying the battery.

The 12 V battery is maintenance-free.

Preparatory work

- Remove the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)
- Remove the seat. (III p. 56)
- Remove the 12 V battery.

 (IIII) p. 93)

Main work

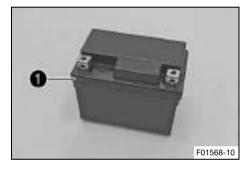
- Check the battery voltage.
 - » Battery voltage: < 9 V
 - Do not charge the 12 V battery.
 - Replace the 12 V battery and dispose of the old 12 V battery properly.
 - » If the specifications have been met: Battery voltage: ≥ 9 V
 - Connect the battery charger to the 12 V battery. Switch on the battery charger.

Guideline

The charging current, charging voltage, and charg- ing duration must not be exceeded.	
Maximum charging volt- age	14.4 V
Maximum charging cur- rent	3.0 A
Maximum charging time	24 h
Recharge the 12 V bat- tery regularly when the motorcycle is not being used	6 months
(EU) battery charger (2652	29974000)

Alternative 1

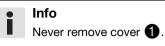
(US) battery charger (26529974500)



14 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

These battery chargers test whether the 12 V battery retains its voltage. It is also impossible to overcharge the 12 V battery with these battery chargers. The charging time may be longer at low temperatures.

These battery chargers are only suitable for lithium iron phosphate batteries. Read the accompanying instructions for **Husqvarna Motorcycles** accessories.



 Switch off the battery charger after charging and disconnect from the 12 V battery.

Finishing work

- Install the 12 V battery. 🔧 (🕮 p. 94)
- Mount the seat. (I p. 56)
- Install the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)

14.4 Changing the main fuse

Warning

Fire hazard Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.

- Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
- Do not bypass or repair fuses.

• Info

The main fuse protects all power consumers of the vehicle. It is located in the starter relay housing under the seat.

Preparatory work

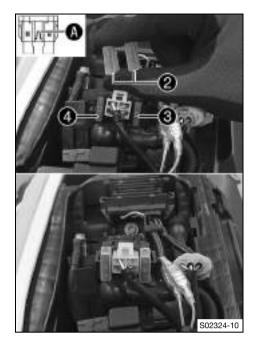
- Press and hold the kill switch ⊗ while the engine is idling until the engine stops.
- Remove the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)
- Remove the seat. (III p. 56)

Main work

- Pull starter relay **1** from the holder.



ELECTRICAL SYSTEM 14



- Take off protection caps 2.
- Remove faulty main fuse 3.

Info

You can recognize a faulty fuse by a burned-out fuse wire **A**.

A spare fuse \blacksquare is located in the starter relay.

- Install a new main fuse.
 - Fuse (58011109110) (🕮 p. 125)
- Check that the electrical system is functioning properly.



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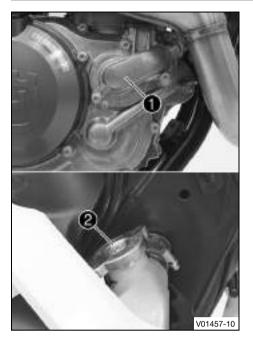
Insert a spare fuse so that it is available if needed.

- Mount the protection caps.
- Mount the starter relay onto the holder and route the cable.

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (III p. 56)
- Install the air filter box cover. (🕮 p. 57)

15.1 Cooling system



Water pump 1 in the engine circulates the coolant.

The pressure resulting from the warming of the cooling system is regulated by a valve in radiator cap ②. This ensures that operating the vehicle at the specified coolant temperature will not result in a risk of malfunctions.

120 °C (248 °F)

Cooling is effected by the air stream.

The lower the speed, the less the cooling effect. Dirty cooling fins also reduce the cooling effect.

15.2 Checking the antifreeze and coolant level

Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

Condition

The engine is cold.

- 400243-10
- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Check the antifreeze in the coolant.

−25 … −45 °C (−13 … −49 °F)	
»	If the antifreeze in the coolant does not match the speci-

- fied value:
- Correct the antifreeze in the coolant.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator.

Coolant level A above the 10 mm (0.39 in) radiator fins

- » If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
 - Correct the coolant level.

Coolant (III p. 129)

- Mount the radiator cap.

15.3 Checking the coolant level

Warning

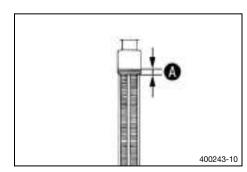
Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.



Condition

The engine is cold.

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator.

Coolant level 🚯 above the	10 mm (0.39 in)
radiator fins	

- » If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
 - Correct the coolant level.

Coolant (💷 p. 129)

Mount the radiator cap.

15.4 Draining the coolant **A**

Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

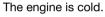
- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
 - Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

Condition



- Position the motorcycle upright.
- Place an appropriate container under the water pump cover.
- Remove screw 1. Take off radiator cap 2.
- Completely drain the coolant.
- Mount and tighten screw
 with a new seal ring.
 Guideline

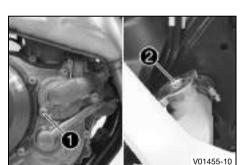
Screw, water pump	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
cover		

15.5 Refilling coolant **3**

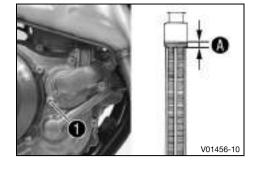
Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.



COOLING SYSTEM 15



- Make sure that screw 1 is tightened.
- Position the motorcycle upright.
- Pour coolant in up to measurement (A) above the radiator fins.

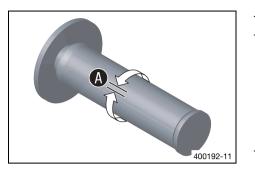
Guideline

Dimension A over th ator fins	e radi-	10 mm (0.39 in)
Coolant	1.20 l (1.27 c	qt.)	Coolant (1 p. 129)

- Mount the radiator cap.
- Take a short test ride.
- Check the coolant level. (I p. 99)

•

16.1 Checking throttle cable play



- Check the throttle grip for smooth operation.
- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Turn the throttle grip back and forth slightly and determine the play in throttle cable A.

Throttle cable play	3 5 mm (0.12 0.2 in)
---------------------	----------------------

- If the throttle cable play does not meet specifications: » Adjust throttle cable play. \checkmark (III p. 102) _
- Push the cold start button in all the way.

When the throttle grip is turned forward, the cold start button returns to its original position.

- If the cold start button does not return to its original posi-» tion:
 - Adjust throttle cable play. \checkmark (III p. 102) _



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and let it run at idle speed. Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

The idle speed must not change.

- If the idle speed changes:
 - Adjust throttle cable play. 🔌 (💷 p. 102) _

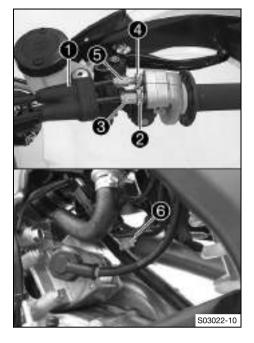
16.2 Adjusting throttle cable play A

Info

If the correct routing of the throttle cables has already been secured, the fuel tank does not need to be removed.

Preparatory work

- Remove the air filter box cover. (I p. 57)
- Remove the seat. (III p. 56)
- Remove the right side cover. (I p. 61)
- Remove the fuel tank. 🔌 (🕮 p. 62)
- Check throttle cable routing. (IP p. 70)



Main work

- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position.
- Push back sleeve 1.
- Loosen nut 2.
- Turn adjusting screw **③** in as far as possible.
- Loosen nut 4.
- Push cold start button (6) all the way to the stop.
- Turn adjusting screw so that the cold start button moves to the basic position when the throttle grip is turned to the front.
- Tighten nut 4.
- Turn barrel adjuster ③ so that there is play in the throttle cable at the throttle grip.

Guideline

- Tighten nut 2.
- Slide on sleeve 1.
- Check the throttle grip for smooth operation.

Finishing work

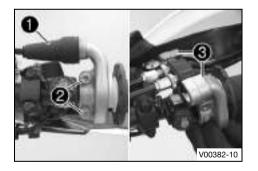
Check throttle cable play. (I p. 102)

16.3 Adjusting the characteristic map of the throttle response

Info

On the throttle grip, the characteristic map of the throttle response is changed by changing the guide plate.

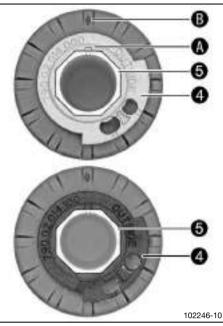
A guide plate with a different characteristic map is supplied.

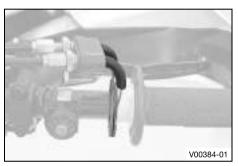


Main work

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- Push back sleeve 🚺.
- Remove screws 2 and half-shells 3.
- Detach the throttle cables and take off the grip tube.







Position the required guide plate on the grip tube. Guideline

The label **OUTSIDE** must be visible. Marking **A** must be positioned at marking **B**.

Grey guide plate (79002014000)

Alternative 1

Black guide plate (79002014100)

Info

- The gray guide plate opens the throttle valve more slowly.
 The black guide plate opens the throttle valve more quickly.
 The gray guide plate is mounted upon delivery.
- Clean the outside of the handlebar and the inside of the grip tube. Mount the grip tube on the handlebar.
- Attach the throttle cables to the guide plate and route correctly.
- Position half-shells (3), mount and tighten screws (2).
 Guideline

Screw, throttle grip M6 5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
---	--

Slide on sleeve **1** and check the throttle grip for ease of movement.

Finishing work

V00383-10

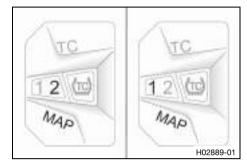
Check throttle cable play. (Imp. 102)

V0384-01

16.4 Changing the mapping

lnfo

The desired engine characteristic can be activated via the **MAP** button on the combination switch. The setting most recently selected is activated again when restarting. The traction control can also be activated in each mapping using the **TC** button. The mapping can also be changed during the ride.

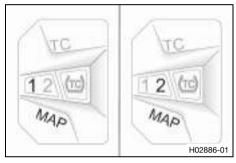


Activating STANDARD mapping:

- Press button **MAP** until LED **1** lights up.

Guideline	
Engine speed	< 4,000 rpm

STANDARD – balanced response



Activating ADVANCED mapping:

- Press button **MAP** until LED **2** lights up.

Guideline

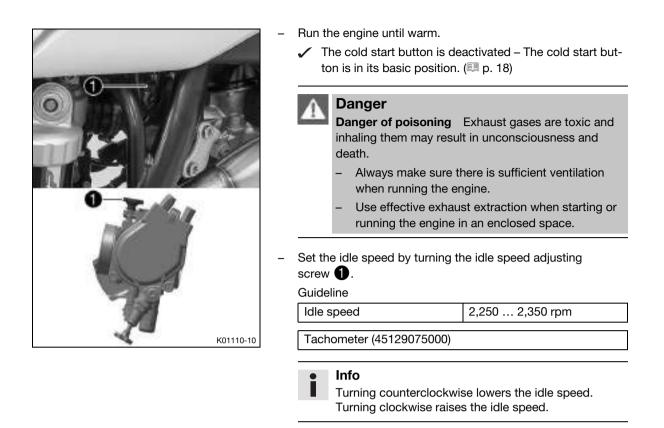
Engine speed	< 4,000 rpm
ADVANCED – direct response	

16.5 Adjusting the idle speed A

A

Warning

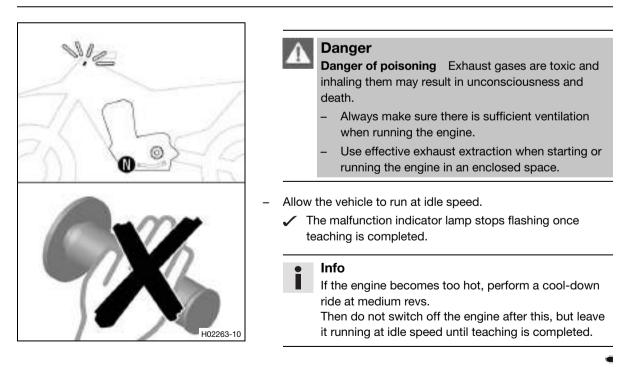
- Danger of accidents The engine may go out spontaneously if the idle speed is set too low.
- Set the idle speed to the specified value. (Your authorized Husqvarna Motorcycles workshop will be glad to help.)



16.6 Teaching the throttle valve position

• Info

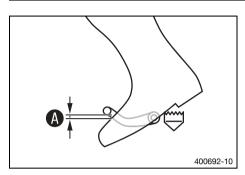
If the control unit detects that the throttle valve position for idle speed needs to be retaught, then the malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x per second.



16.7 Checking the basic position of the shift lever

Info

When driving, the shift lever must not touch the rider's boot when in the basic position. When the shift lever keeps touching the boot, the transmission will be subject to an excessive load.



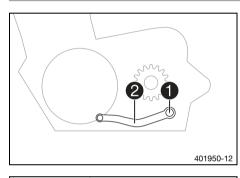
Sit on the vehicle in the riding position and determine distance A between the upper edge of your boot and the shift lever.

Distance between shift lever10 ... 20 mm (0.39 ...and upper edge of boot0.79 in)

- If the distance does not meet specifications:
 - Set the basic position of the shift lever.

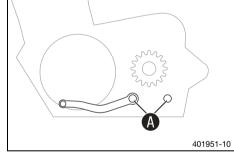
 (III p. 107)

16.8 Adjusting the basic position of the shift lever



Remove screw **1** with the washers and take off shift lever **2**.

- Clean gear teeth (A) of the shift lever and shift shaft.



and engage the gearing.

Mount the shift lever on the shift shaft in the required position

The range of adjustment is limited. The shift lever must not come into contact with any other vehicle components during the shift procedure.

- Mount and tighten screw 1 with the washers.

Guideline

_

Screw, shift lever

17.1 Changing the fuel screen **4**

Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.

Warning

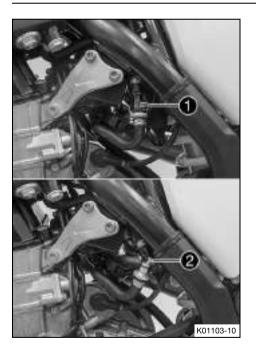
Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.



Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.



 Clean plug-in connection ① of the fuel line thoroughly with compressed air.

Info

Under no circumstances should dirt enter into the fuel line. Dirt in the fuel line clogs the injection valve!

Disconnect the plug-in connection of the fuel line.

Info

- Remaining fuel may flow out of the fuel hose.
- Pull fuel screen **2** out of the connecting piece.
 - Insert the new fuel screen all the way into the connecting piece.
- Lubricate the O-ring and connect plug-in connection of the fuel line.

Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

- Start the engine and check the response.

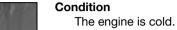
17.2 Checking the engine oil level

•

Info

The engine oil level can be checked when the engine is cold or warm.





Preparatory work

- Check the engine oil level.

The engine oil reaches the middle of level viewer (A).

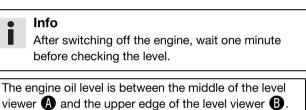
Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.

- » If the engine oil does not reach the middle of the level viewer:
 - Add engine oil. (I p. 112)

Condition

The engine is at operating temperature.

- Check the engine oil level.



- If the engine oil does not reach the middle of level viewer (A):
 - Add engine oil. (I p. 112)

17.3 Changing the engine oil and oil filter, cleaning the oil screens

Warning

Danger of scalding Engine and gear oil get very hot when the motorcycle is ridden.

Wear suitable protective clothing and safety gloves.

/01328-1

- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.



Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

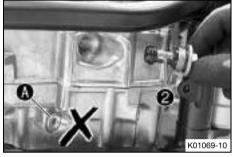
 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

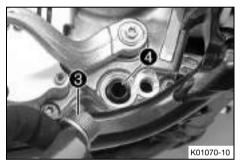
Info

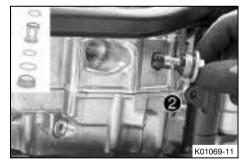
Check the O-rings for damage. Replace damaged O-rings. Drain the engine oil while the engine is at operating temperature.

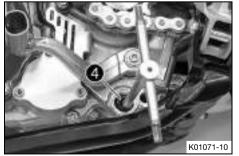
17 SERVICE WORK ON THE ENGINE











Preparatory work

- Park the motorcycle on a level surface.

Main work

- Place an appropriate container under the engine.
- Remove oil drain plug 1 with the magnet and seal ring.

Remove screw plug **2** with the short oil screen and the O-rings.



Info

Do not remove screw (A).

- Remove screw plug ③ with the long oil screen ④ and the O-rings.
- Completely drain the engine oil.
- Thoroughly clean the parts and sealing surfaces.
- Mount and tighten screw plug **2** with the short oil screen and the O-rings.

Guideline

Screw plug, oil	M20x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
screen		

- Position long oil screen 4 with the O-rings on a pin wrench.
- Position the pin wrench through the drill hole of the screw plug in the opposite section of the engine case.
- Push the oil screen all the way into the engine case.

SERVICE WORK ON THE ENGINE 17

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17 Det	no e
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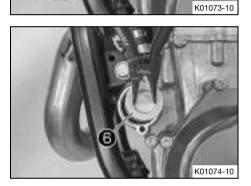
- Mount and tighten screw plug ③ with the O-ring. Guideline
 - Screw plug, oil
screenM20x1.515 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)Mount and tighten oil drain plugwith the magnet and a
- Mount and tighten oil drain plug
 with the magnet and a new seal ring.

 A magnet and a new seal ring.
 A magnet and a magnet and a new seal ring.

Guideline

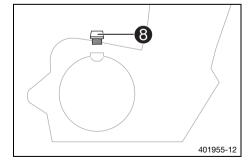
Oil drain plug with	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
magnet		

Remove screws **(3**). Remove the oil filter cover with the O-ring.



- Pull oil filter (6) out of the oil filter housing.
 Lock ring plier (51012011000)
 - Completely drain the engine oil.
- Thoroughly clean the parts and sealing surfaces.





- Lay the motorcycle on its side and fill the oil filter housing to about 1/3 full with engine oil.
- Place the new oil filter into the housing.
- Lubricate the O-ring of the oil filter cover and mount it with the oil filter cover **1**.
- Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

	Screw, oil fil	ter cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
--	----------------	-----------	----	--------------------

- Stand the motorcycle upright.
- Remove filler plug (3) from the clutch cover together with the O-ring, and fill up with engine oil.

Engine oil	1.20	Engine oil
	(1.27 qt.)	(SAE 10W/50)
		(🕮 p. 129)

lnfo

- Too little engine oil or poor-quality engine oil will result in premature wear of the engine.
- Mount and tighten the filler plug together with the O-ring.

17 SERVICE WORK ON THE ENGINE



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and check for tightness.

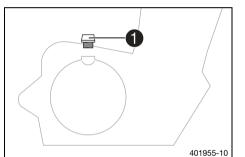
Finishing work

Check the engine oil level. (I p. 109)

17.4 Adding engine oil

• Info

Too little engine oil or poor-quality engine oil will result in premature wear of the engine.



Main work

- Remove oil filler plug **1** with the O-ring from the clutch cover.
- Add the same engine oil used when the last oil change was carried out.

Engine oil (SAE 10W/50) (🕮 p. 129)

Info

For optimal performance of the engine oil, do not mix different types of engine oil. We recommended changing the engine oil when necessary.

Mount and tighten the filler plug together with the O-ring.

A

Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and check for tightness.

Finishing work

Check the engine oil level. (🕮 p. 109)

18.1 Cleaning the motorcycle

Note

Material damage Components become damaged or destroyed if a pressure cleaner is used incorrectly. The high pressure forces water into the electrical components, connectors, throttle cables, and bearings, etc. Pressure which is too high causes malfunctions and destroys components.

- Do not direct the water jet directly on to electrical components, connectors, throttle cables or bearings.
- Maintain a minimum distance between the nozzle of the pressure cleaner and the component.
 Minimum clearance
 60 cm (23.6 in)

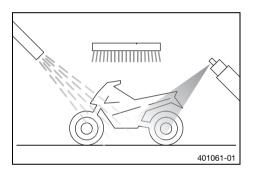


Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

To maintain the value and appearance of the motorcycle over a long period, clean it regularly. Avoid direct sunshine when cleaning the motorcycle.



- Close off the exhaust system to keep water from entering.
- Remove loose dirt first with a soft jet of water.
- Spray heavily soiled parts with a normal commercial motorcycle cleaner and then brush off with a soft brush.

Motorcycle cleaner (III p. 131)

Info

Use warm water containing normal motorcycle cleaner and a soft sponge.

Never apply motorcycle cleaner to a dry vehicle; always rinse the vehicle with water first.

- After rinsing the motorcycle with a gentle spray of water, allow it to dry thoroughly.
- Remove the closure of the exhaust system.



Danger of accidents Moisture and dirt impair the brake system.

- Brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.
- After cleaning, ride the vehicle a short distance until the engine warms up.

Info

The heat produced causes water at inaccessible locations in the engine and on the brake system to evaporate.

- After the motorcycle has cooled down, lubricate all moving parts and pivot points.
- Clean the chain. (@ p. 65)
- Treat bare metal (except for brake discs and the exhaust system) with a corrosion inhibitor.

Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber (IIII p. 132)

- Treat all plastic parts and powder-coated parts with a mild cleaning and care product.

Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces (III p. 132)

19.1 Storage

Warning

A

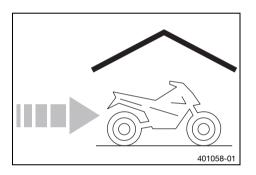
Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.

Info

If you plan to garage the motorcycle for a longer period, perform the following steps or have them performed.

Before storing the motorcycle, check all parts for function and wear. If service, repairs, or replacements are necessary, you should do this during the storage period (less workshop overload). In this way, you can avoid long workshop waiting times at the start of the new season.



 When refueling for the last time before taking the motorcycle out of service, add fuel additive.

Fuel additive (III p. 131)

- Refuel. (🕮 p. 27)
- Clean the motorcycle. (III p. 113)
- Change the engine oil and oil filter and clean the oil screens. ◄ (ﷺ p. 109)
- Check the antifreeze and coolant level. (I p. 98)
- Check tire pressure. (I p. 91)
- Remove the 12 V battery. A (I p. 93)
- Charge the 12 V battery. A (IIII p. 94)

Guideline

Ideal charging and storage	10 20 °C (50 68 °F)
temperature of the lithium-	
ion battery	

 Store the vehicle in a dry location that is not subject to large fluctuations in temperature.

Info

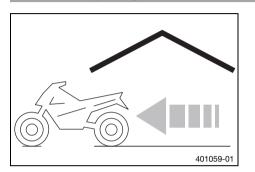
Husqvarna Motorcycles recommends raising the motorcycle.

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 43)
- Cover the vehicle with a tarp or similar cover that is permeable to air.

• Info

Do not use non-porous materials since they prevent humidity from escaping, thus causing corrosion. Avoid running the engine for a short time only. Since the engine cannot warm up properly, the water vapor produced during combustion condenses and causes valves and exhaust system to rust.

19.2 Preparing for use after storage



- Install the 12 V battery. A (I p. 94)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (III p. 43)
- Perform checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use. (Imp. 23)
- Make a test ride.

Faults	Possible cause	Action
The engine does not turn when the starter button is pressed	Operating error	 Carry out the start procedure. (IIII) p. 23)
	12 V battery discharged	 Charge the 12 V battery. (Imp. 94) Check the charging voltage. Check the open-circuit current. Check the stator winding of the alternator.
	Main fuse blown	 Change the main fuse. (IP p. 96)
	Starter relay defective	 Check the starter relay.
	Starter motor defective	 Check the starter motor.
Engine turns but does not start	The plug-in connection of the fuel hose connection is not connected	 Connect the plug-in connection of the fuel line.
	Fuel screen in the fuel hose connection is clogged	– Change the fuel screen. 🔌 (🕮 p. 108)
	Idle speed is not set correctly	– Adjust the idle speed. 🔌 (🕮 p. 105)
	Spark plug oily or wet	 Clean and dry the spark plug, or change it if necessary.
	Electrode distance (plug gap) of spark plug too wide	 Adjust the plug gap. Guideline Spark plug electrode gap 0.8 mm (0.031 in)
	Short circuit cable in wiring harness frayed, kill switch defective	 Check the wiring harness. (visual check) Check the electrical system.
	Error in the electronic fuel injection	 Read out the fault memory using the Husqvarna Motorcycles diagnostics tool.
Engine does not speed up	Error in the electronic fuel injection	 Read out the fault memory using the Husqvarna Motorcycles diagnostics tool.
Engine has too little power	Air filter is very dirty	 Clean the air filter and air filter box. (IIII) p. 58)
	Fuel filter is very dirty	 Change the fuel filter.
	Error in the electronic fuel injection	 Read out the fault memory using the Husqvarna Motorcycles diagnostics tool.
	Exhaust system leaky, deformed or too little glass fiber yarn filling in main silencer	 Check exhaust system for damage. Change the glass fiber yarn filling of the main silencer. ◄ (p. 60)
	Valve clearance too little	 Adjust the valve clearance.
Engine dies during the trip	Lack of fuel	– Refuel. (ﷺ p. 27)
Engine overheats	Too little coolant in cooling system	 Check the cooling system for leakage. Check the coolant level. (IP p. 99)
	Too little air stream	- Switch off the engine when standing.
	Radiator fins very dirty	 Clean radiator fins.

20 TROUBLESHOOTING

Faults	Possible cause	Action
Engine overheats	Foam formation in cooling sys-	 Drain the coolant.
	tem	– Refill the coolant. 🔌 (🕮 p. 100)
	Bent radiator hose	 Change the radiator hose.
Malfunction indicator lamp lights up or flashes	Error in the electronic fuel injection	 Stop the motorcycle and identify the faulty component using the blink code.
		 Check the wiring for damage and the electrical plug-in connections for cor- rosion and damage.
		 Read out the fault memory using the Husqvarna Motorcycles diagnostics tool.
High oil consumption	Engine vent hose bent	 Route the vent hose without bends or change it if necessary.
	Engine oil level too high	 Check the engine oil level. (^[] p. 109)
	Engine oil too thin (low viscos- ity)	 Change the engine oil and oil filter and clean the oil screens.
	Piston or cylinder worn	 Measure the piston/cylinder mounting clearance.
12 V battery discharged	12 V battery is not charging	 Check the charging voltage.
		 Check the stator winding of the alter- nator.
	Unwanted power consumer	 Check the open-circuit current.

Blink code for malfunc-	
tion indicator lamp	(F)
	02 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x short
Error level condition	Crankshaft speed sensor - circuit fault
Blink code for malfunc-	E
tion indicator lamp	
Error level condition	02a Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x per second Teaching of throttle valve position required
Blink code for malfunc-	(F)
tion indicator lamp	06 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 6x short
Error level condition	Throttle valve position sensor circuit A – circuit fault
	Throttle valve position sensor circuit A – input signal too high
Blink code for malfunc-	
tion indicator lamp	(FI)
	09 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 9x short
Error level condition	Induction manifold pressure sensor - circuit fault
	Induction manifold pressure sensor - input signal too low
Blink code for malfunc-	
tion indicator lamp	
	12 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 1x long, 2x short
Error level condition	Coolant temperature sensor - circuit fault
	Coolant temperature sensor - input signal too low
Blink code for malfunc-	
tion indicator lamp	12 Malfunction indiactor lamp flackes 1v lang. 2v short
Error level condition	13 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 1x long, 3x short Intake air temperature sensor - circuit fault
	Intake air temperature sensor - input signal too low
Blink code for malfunc- tion indicator lamp	(FI)
	15 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 1x long, 5x short
Error level condition	Rollover sensor (A/D type) – input signal too low
	Rollover sensor (A/D type) – input signal too high
Blink code for malfunc-	
tion indicator lamp	
	21 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x long, 1x short
Error level condition	Battery voltage - input voltage too high
Blink code for malfunc-	(FI)
tion indicator lamp	
	22 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x long, 2x short
Error level condition	Gear position sensor – circuit fault Gear position sensor – input signal too high
	Gear position sensor – malfunction

21 BLINK CODE

Blink code for malfunc- tion indicator lamp	F
	33 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 3x long, 3x short
Error level condition	Injection valve cylinder 1 – circuit fault
Blink code for malfunc- tion indicator lamp	F) 37 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 3x long, 7x short
Error level condition	Ignition coil – circuit fault
Blink code for malfunc- tion indicator lamp	41 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 1x short
Error level condition	Fuel pump controller – short circuit to ground/open circuit
	Open/short circuit to plus
Blink code for malfunc- tion indicator lamp	65 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 6x long, 5x short
Error level condition	E ² PROM error
Blink code for malfunc- tion indicator lamp	F Malfunction indicator lamp flashes continuously
Error level condition	THREF – malfunction

22.1 Engine

Design	1-cylinder 4-stroke engine, water-cooled
Displacement	449.9 cm ³ (27.455 cu in)
Stroke	63.4 mm (2.496 in)
Bore	95 mm (3.74 in)
Compression ratio	12.75:1
Idle speed	2,250 2,350 rpm
Control	OHC, 4 valves controlled via rocker arm
Valve diameter, intake	40 mm (1.57 in)
Valve diameter, exhaust	33 mm (1.3 in)
Valve clearance	
Intake at: 20 °C (68 °F)	0.10 0.15 mm (0.0039 0.0059 in)
Exhaust at: 20 °C (68 °F)	0.12 0.17 mm (0.0047 0.0067 in)
Crankshaft bearing	2 cylinder roller bearing
Conrod bearing	Slide bearing
Piston pin bearing	No bearing bush - DLC coated piston pin
Pistons	Forged light alloy
Piston rings	1 compression ring, 1 oil scraper ring
Engine lubrication	Pressure circulation lubrication with two Eaton
-	pumps
Primary transmission	31:76
Clutch	Multidisc clutch in oil bath, hydraulically activated
Gearbox	5 gear transmission, claw shifted
Transmission ratio	
First gear	16:32
Second gear	18:30
Third gear	20:28
Fourth gear	22:26
Fifth gear	24:24
Alternator	12 V, 70 W
Ignition	Contactless controlled fully electronic ignition with
	digital ignition adjustment
Spark plug	NGK LMAR9AI-8
Spark plug electrode gap	0.8 mm (0.031 in)
Cooling	Water cooling, permanent circulation of coolant by water pump
Starting aid	Starter motor

22.2 Engine tightening torques

Screw, oil jet for piston cooling	M4	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Crankshaft speed sensor screw and cable retainer	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Oil nozzle for clutch lubrication	M5	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Oil nozzle for timing chain lubrica- tion	M5	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Oil nozzle, piston cooling	M5	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Oil nozzle, rocker arm lubrication	M5	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, bearing retainer	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, clutch pressure cap	M5	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	
Screw, gear position sensor	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, locking lever	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, stator	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, suction pump cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Nut, water pump impeller	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, alternator cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, clutch cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, cylinder head	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, engine case	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, exhaust flange	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, oil filter cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, pressure pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, shift drum locating	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, shift lever	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, starter motor	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, timing chain securing guide	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, timing chain tensioner	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, timing chain tensioning rail	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, torque governor	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, valve cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, water pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	

Oil nozzle for conrod bearing lubrication	M6x0.75	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)
Plug, oil channel	M7	9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243 ™
Screw, rocker arm bearing	M7	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Plug, timing chain tensioner	M8	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
Screw plug, locking screw	M8	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Plug, oil channel	M10	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243 ™
Screw, engine sprocket	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft) Loctite[®]2701™
Spark plug	M10x1	10 12 Nm (7.4 8.9 lbf ft)
Engine coolant temperature sen- sor	M10x1.25	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
Screw, cylinder head	M10x1.25	1st stage 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) 2nd stage 30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft) 3rd stage 50 Nm (36.9 lbf ft) Collar and thread oiled
Nut, rotor	M12x1	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft) Thread, oiled with engine oil/cone degreased
Oil drain plug with magnet	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Screw plug, oil pressure control valve	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Nut, inner clutch hub	M18x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
Nut, primary gear wheel	M20LHx1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Screw plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)

22.3 Capacities

22.3.1 Engine oil

Engine oil	1.20 l (1.27 qt.)	Engine oil (SAE 10W/50) (🕮 p. 129)

22.3.2 Coolant

Coolant	1.20 l (1.27 qt.)	Coolant (🕮 p. 129)

22.3.3 Fuel

Super unleaded (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91) (1 p. 130)	6.8 I (1.8 US gal)

22.4 Chassis

Frame	Central tube frame made of chrome molybdenum steel tubing
Fork	WP Suspension Upside down AER 48
Suspension travel	
front	280 mm (11.02 in)
rear	266 mm (10.47 in)
Fork offset	16 mm (0.63 in)
Shock absorber	WP Suspension 5018 DCC Link
Brake system	
front	Single disc brake with radially screwed four-piston fixed caliper, floating brake disc
rear	Single disc brake with single-piston floating brake caliper, fixed brake disc
Brake discs - diameter	
front	310 mm (12.2 in)
rear	220 mm (8.66 in)
Brake discs - wear limit	
front	4.5 mm (0.177 in)
rear	3.5 mm (0.138 in)
Tire pressure (cold)	
front: 10 30 °C (50 86 °F)	1.9 bar (28 psi)
rear: 10 30 °C (50 86 °F)	1.7 bar (25 psi)
Tire pressure (warm)	
front: 75 85 °C (167 185 °F)	2.1 bar (30 psi)
rear: 75 85 °C (167 185 °F)	1.9 bar (28 psi)
Secondary ratio	14:45
Chain	5/8 x 1/4"
Rear sprockets available	40, 42, 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52
Steering head angle	63.9°
Wheelbase	1,475 ± 10 mm (58.07 ± 0.39 in)
Ground clearance, unloaded	290 mm (11.42 in)
Seat height, unloaded	890 mm (35.04 in)
Weight without fuel, approx.	102.9 kg (226.9 lb.)
Maximum permissible front axle load	145 kg (320 lb.)
Maximum permissible rear axle load	190 kg (419 lb.)
Maximum permissible overall weight	335 kg (739 lb.)

22.5 Electrical system

12 V battery	HJTZ5S-FP-C	Lithium-ion battery Battery voltage: 12 V Nominal capacity: 2.0 Ah Maintenance-free
Fuse	58011109110	10 A
Malfunction indicator lamp		D

22.6 Tires

Front tire	Rear tire	
125/600 R 16.5 TL	165/630 R 17 TL	
Bridgestone Battlax Supermoto BM01Z	Bridgestone Battlax Racing R02Z	
The tires specified represent one of the possible series production tires. Additional information is available in		
the Service section under:		
www.husqvarna-motorcycles.com		

22.7 Fork

Fork article number		34.15.8S.08	
Fork		WP Suspension Upside down AER 48	
Compression damping			
Comfort		17 clicks	
Standard		12 clicks	
Sport		7 clicks	
Rebound damping			
Comfort		17 clicks	
Standard		12 clicks	
Sport		7 clicks	
Air pressure		10.6 bar (154 psi)	
Fork length		920 mm (36.22 in)	
Oil capacity external mechanism right	200 ^{+ 40} _{- 20} ml (6.76 ^{+ 1.35} _{- 0.68} fl. oz.)		Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1) (, p. 130)
Oil capacity external mechanism left	200 ^{+ 40} _{- 20} ml (6.76 ^{+ 1.35} _{- 0.68} fl. oz.)		Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1) (I p. 130)
Oil capacity, right cartridge	380 ml (12.85 fl. oz.)		Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1) (IIII p. 130)
Grease capacity, left cartridge	5 g (0.18 oz)		Multi-purpose grease (00062010051) (III p. 131)

22.8 Shock absorber

Shock absorber article number	18.15.7S.08	
Shock absorber WP Suspe		1 5018 DCC Link
Lowspeed compression damping		
Comfort	17 clicks	
Standard	15 clicks	
Sport	13 clicks	
Highspeed compression damping		
Comfort	2.5 turns	
Standard	2 turns	
Sport	1.5 turns	
Rebound damping		
Comfort	17 clicks	
Standard	15 clicks	
Sport	13 clicks	
Spring preload 12 mm (0.4		
Spring rate		
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg (143 165 lb.)	45 N/mm (257 lb	p/in)
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)	48 N/mm (274 lb	o/in)
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)	51 N/mm (291 lb	o/in)
Spring length	260 mm (10.24 i	n)
Gas pressure	10 bar (145 psi)	
Static sag 20 mm (0.79		
Riding sag	80 mm (3.15 in)	
Fitted length	Fitted length468 mm (18.43 in)	
Shock absorber oil		Shock absorber fluid (SAE 2.5) (50180751S1) (IIII p. 130)

22.9 Chassis tightening torques

Screw, combination switch	EJOT PT [®] K50x18	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)
Screw, intake air temperature sensor	EJOT DELTA PT [®] 45x12-Z	0.7 Nm (0.52 lbf ft)
Screw, pressure regulator	EJOT PT [®] K60x25-Z	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)
Screw, fixed grip	M4	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, service hour counter	M4	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)
Spoke nipple, front wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
Spoke nipple, rear wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
Remaining nuts, chassis	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
Remaining screws, chassis	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
Screw, battery terminal	M5	2.5 Nm (1.84 lbf ft)
Screw, frame protector	M5	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)
Screw, shock absorber adjusting ring	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)

Screws on main silencer	M5	7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)
Nut, cable on starter motor	M6	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)
Remaining nuts, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Screw, ball joint of push rod on foot brake cylinder	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, chain sliding guard	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, front brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, rear brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, throttle grip	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
Fuel connection on fuel tank	M8	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Nut, foot brake lever stop	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Nut, rear sprocket screw	M8	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)
		Loctite [®] 2701™
Nut, rim lock	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
Remaining nuts, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
Remaining screws, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
Screw, bottom triple clamp	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
Screw, chain sliding piece	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, engine brace	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, fork stub	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, handlebar clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Screw, subframe	M8	30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, top steering stem	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243 ™
Screw, top triple clamp	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)
Engine carrying screw	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)
Remaining nuts, chassis	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
Remaining screws, chassis	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
Screw, bottom shock absorber	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, handlebar support	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, top shock absorber	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, front brake caliper	M10x1.25	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Nut, fuel pump	M12	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Nut, angle lever to link fork	M14x1.5	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)
Nut, frame on linkage lever	M14x1.5	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)
Nut, linkage lever on angle lever	M14x1.5	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)
Nut, fork pivot	M16x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)
Screw, top steering head	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)

Screw, front wheel spindle	M24x1.5	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	
Screw-in fitting, cooling system	M24x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Nut, rear wheel spindle	M25x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)	

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1

Standard/classification

– DOT

Guideline

- Use only brake fluid that complies with the specified standard (see specifications on the container) and that exhibits the corresponding properties.

Recommended supplier Castrol

- REACT PERFORMANCE DOT 4

MOTOREX®

- Brake Fluid DOT 5.1

Coolant

Guideline

- Only use high-grade, silicate-free coolant with corrosion inhibitor additive for aluminum motors. Low grade and unsuitable antifreeze causes corrosion, deposits and frothing.
- Do not use pure water as only coolant is able to meet the requirements needed in terms of corrosion protection and lubrication properties.
- Only use coolant that complies with the requirements stated (see specifications on the container) and that has the relevant properties.

Antifreeze protection to at least	−25 °C (−13 °F)
-----------------------------------	-----------------

The mixture ratio must be adjusted to the necessary antifreeze protection. Use distilled water if the coolant needs to be diluted.

The use of premixed coolant is recommended.

Observe the coolant manufacturer specifications for antifreeze protection, dilution and miscibility (compatibility) with other coolants.

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®]

– COOLANT M3.0

Engine oil (SAE 10W/50)

Standard/classification

- JASO T903 MA2 (🕮 p. 133)
- SAE (🕮 p. 133) (SAE 10W/50)

Guideline

Use only engine oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that
possess the corresponding properties.

Fully synthetic engine oil

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®]

- Cross Power 4T

Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1)

Standard/classification

– SAE (📖 p. 133) (SAE 4)

Guideline

 Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

Shock absorber fluid (SAE 2.5) (50180751S1)

Standard/classification

– SAE (📖 p. 133) (SAE 2.5)

Guideline

 Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

Super unleaded (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91)

Standard/classification

DIN EN 228 (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91)

Guideline

- Only use unleaded super fuel that matches or is equivalent to the specified fuel grade.
- Fuel with an ethanol content of up to 10 % (E10 fuel) is safe to use.



Do **not** use fuel containing methanol (e. g. M15, M85, M100) or more than 10 % ethanol (e. g. E15, E25, E85, E100).

Air filter cleaner

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®]

- Racing Bio Dirt Remover

Chain cleaner

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®] – Chain Clean

Fuel additive

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®] – Fuel Stabilizer

High viscosity grease

Recommended supplier SKF[®] - LGHB 2

Long-life grease

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®] - Bike Grease 2000

Motorcycle cleaner

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®] – Moto Clean

Multi-purpose grease (00062010051)

Recommended supplier Klüber Lubrication[®] – CENTOPLEX 2 EP

Off-road chain spray

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®] – Chainlube Offroad

Oil for foam air filter

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®]

Racing Bio Liquid Power

Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®]

Moto Protect

Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®] – Quick Cleaner

Universal oil spray

Recommended supplier MOTOREX[®] – Joker 440 Synthetic

JASO T903 MA2

Different technical development directions required a separate specification for motorcycles – the **JASO T903 MA2** standard.

Earlier, engine oils from the automobile industry were used for motorcycles because there was no separate motorcycle specification.

Whereas long service intervals are demanded for automobile engines, the focus for motorcycle engines is on high performance at high engine speeds.

In most motorcycle engines, the transmission and clutch are lubricated with the same oil.

The JASO T903 MA2 standard meets these special requirements.

SAE

The SAE viscosity classes were defined by the Society of Automotive Engineers and are used for classifying oils according to their viscosity. The viscosity describes only one property of oil and says nothing about quality.

-	Launch control	Vehicles electronics functions for achieving the best possible acceleration from a standing position
OBD	On-board diagnosis	Vehicle system, which monitors the specified param- eters of the vehicle electronics

Art. no.	Article number
ca.	circa
cf.	compare
e.g.	for example
etc.	et cetera
i.a.	inter alia
no.	number
poss.	possibly

28.1 Yellow and orange symbols

Yellow and orange symbols indicate an error condition that requires prompt intervention. Active driving aids are also represented by yellow or orange symbols.

FI	Malfunction indicator lamp lights up/flashes orange – The OBD has detected an error in the vehicle electronics. Come safely to a halt, and contact an authorized Husqvarna Motorcy- cles workshop.
FI	Malfunction indicator lamp flashes orange rapidly – Launch control is activated.

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